ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
COLORADO COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE
318 Spring Street, Room 104
Columbus, TX 78934



COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

<u>Table of Contents</u>				
	Introductory Section	<u>Page</u>		
	Letter of Transmittal	i-vi		
	GFOA Certificate of Achievement			
	Organizational Chart	viii		
	List of Principal Officials	ix		
	<u>Financial Section</u>			
	Independent Auditor's Report	1-4		
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-16		
	Basic Financial Statements:			
	Government Wide Financial Statements:			
Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Position			
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	. 19		
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:			
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	. 20		
Exhibit 3R	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the			
	Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	. 21		
Exhibit 4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -			
	Governmental Funds	. 22		
Exhibit 4R	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund			
	Balance - Governmental Funds to Governmental Activities Statement of Activities	. 23		
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:			
Exhibit 5	Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds			
Exhibit 6	Statement of Change in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds			
	Notes to the Financial Statements	28-59		
	Required Supplementary Information			
Exhibit 7	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -	00		
Exhibit 8	Budget and Actual - General Fund			
Exhibit 9	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios			
Exhibit 10	Schedule of Employer Contributions			
EXHIBIT 10	Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios			
		70		
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules			
	Non-Major Governmental Funds Descriptions	72-73		
Exhibit 11	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	74-79		
Exhibit 12	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in			
	Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	80-85		
	Schedules of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department and			
	Legal Level of Budgetary Control:			
Exhibit 13	General Fund			
Exhibit 14	Debt Service Fund	92		
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:			
	Special Revenue Funds (Nonmajor):			
Exhibit 15	Records Preservation Fund	94		
Exhibit 15	Airport Fund			
Exhibit 15	Road & Bridge Precinct Number 1 Fund	96		
Exhibit 15	Road & Bridge Precinct Number 2 Fund	97		
Exhibit 15	Road & Bridge Precinct Number 3 Fund			
Exhibit 15	Road & Bridge Precinct Number 4 Fund			

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Table of Contents - Continued

		<u>Page</u>
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules - Continued	
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
	Special Revenue Funds (Nonmajor) - Continued	
Exhibit 15	Security Fund	
Exhibit 15	Law Library Fund	
Exhibit 15	Justice Court Technology Fund	
Exhibit 15	County and District Court Technology Fund	
Exhibit 16	Combining Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	
Exhibit 17	Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	106-107
	Statistical Section	
	Financial Trends:	
Table 1	Net Position by Component	
Table 2	Changes in Net Position	
Table 3	Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
Table 4	Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	118-119
Table 5	Revenue Capacity: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	120
Table 5	Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	
Table 7	Principal Property Taxpayers	
Table 8	Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Table 0	Debt Capacity:	120
Table 9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	126
Table 10	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	
Table 11	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
Table 12	Legal Debt Margin Information	
	Demographic and Economic Information:	
Table 13	Demographic and Economic Statistics	130
Table 14	Principal Employers	
	Operating Information:	
Table 15	Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function	132
Table 16	Operating Indicators by Function	134-135
Table 17	Capital Asset Statistics by Function	136-137
	Federal Awards Section	
	Independent Auditor's Report -	
	On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
	Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	141-142
	Independent Auditor's Report -	
	On Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over	440 44=
	Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
	Schedule of Status of Prior Findings	
Euleileit 40	Corrective Action Plan	
Exhibit 18	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	150 151
	NOIRS OF ACTROUR OF EXPRODUCES OF FRORM AWARDS	וכו





THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY AUDITOR



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June 25, 2025

To the Honorable 25th and 2nd 25th District Judges, To the Honorable Commissioners' Court To the Citizens of Colorado County, Texas

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("Annual Report") of Colorado County, Texas, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, is submitted herewith, in accordance with Chapter 114.025 of the State of Texas Local Government Code. The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed public accountants. Chapter 115.045 of the Local Government Code of the State of Texas requires the issuance within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements. Pursuant to that requirement, this annual comprehensive financial report is issued for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

Assumption of Responsibility: This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Colorado County, Texas. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report.

Internal Control: To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, Colorado County ("the County") has established a comprehensive framework of internal control that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Colorado County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The County asserts, to the best of its knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Independent Audit: The County's financial statements have been audited by KM&L, LLC, certified public accountants. The objective of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, are free from material misstatements. The independent audit: involves examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, and are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is located at the beginning of the Financial Section of this report.

Reference to MD&A: GAAP requires the County to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany this report's basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules. The statistical section of the report includes selected financial and demographic information, which is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF COLORADO COUNTY GOVERNMENT

Colorado County, incorporated in 1836, is in south/central Texas, midway between San Antonio and Houston on Interstate 10 and is one of 13 counties in the Gulf Coast Region. Colorado County, created in 1836, is one of the original counties established in Texas by Stephen F. Austin. The County is a rural county of approximately 963 square miles in area with a 2020 census population of 20,557 and an estimated 2024 population of 21,687. The largest incorporated cities located within the County are Columbus (the County seat), Eagle Lake and Weimar. The County is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries.

The County is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County operates as specified under the Constitution of the State of Texas and Vernon's Texas Code Annotated. The Colorado County, Texas Commissioners' Court is the County's governing body. The Commissioners' Court is elected by county voters for staggered four-year terms and comprises the County Judge (the presiding officer elected at large to serve a four-year term) and four commissioners. Each of the four commissioners represents one of the four geographical precincts into which the county is divided. The Commissioners' Court has certain powers granted to it by the state legislature. The duties include adoption of the budget, setting the tax rates, approval of contracts, appointment of certain county officials and the development of policies and orders. The Commissioners' Court shares the financial controls of the County with the County Auditor who is appointed according to Texas State statutes for two-year terms by the District Judges. The County Auditor holds the basic responsibilities for established accounting policies and procedures, maintaining the records of all financial transactions of the County, and "examining and approving" disbursements from county funds prior to their submission of the Commissioners' Court for payment. Policy-making authority is vested in the Commissioners' Court and the Commissioners' Court are responsible, among other things, for adopting the budget and for setting the County's annual tax rate, along with setting county policies.

The County provides a full range of services authorized by statute. Such services include general government functions such as recording and licensing, maintaining the County and District Court systems, maintaining public facilities, ensuring public safety, maintaining public health and welfare, aiding conservation, and maintaining county roads and bridges. The costs associated with these services are presented within the financial statements in detail and summary form.

The County has two medical facilities. Columbus Community Hospital has been named in the top 100 rural and community hospitals in the nation for three consecutive years by the National Rural Health Association. The hospital is a 40-bed acute care medical and surgical facility. The construction of the Columbus Wellness Center was completed in 2022. It is a state-of-the-art facility that will offer expanded physical therapy resources, exercise equipment, cardiac rehabilitation services, pool, physician office space, and community education classrooms, including a demonstration kitchen. During 2023, additional clinic renovations were made to add more exam rooms, parking, and other facilities to enhance and expand the primary and specialty care offerings. In addition, Rice Medical Center is a 25-bed Critical Access hospital with a Trauma IV designation and is in Eagle Lake, Texas.

Budget

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Colorado County's financial planning and control. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Commissioners' Court. The activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the personnel services category level within each department and the department level overall. All transfers of appropriations, either between departments or within an individual department's budget, require the approval of the Commissioners' Court. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriation annual budget has been adopted.

Local Economy

The County's economy is based primarily on agribusiness, oil-field services and equipment manufacturing, minerals processing and gravel mining. Rice, corn, sorghum, and livestock play a major role in the area's economy. The school districts and the County also have a significant economic presence, employing in total more than 800 teachers, professionals, and support staff. One of the most important sectors of the area's economy is tourism. Tourism dollars represented by restaurant sales, hotel occupancy and specialty shop sales are a significant contributor to the overall economy.

Because of the County's location in a region with a varied economic base, unemployment had been relatively stable. During the past ten years, the unemployment rate had increased to 6.3 percent due to the COVID-19 pandemic (2020) from the lowest unemployment rate of 3.0 (2019). This year's unemployment rate remained stable and is below both the national and state average rates. The County's unemployment rate as of December 2024 was 3.2 percent compared to 4.2 percent for the state and 4.1 percent nationally.

Median household incomes within the County are less than average for the state and nation. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the County's median family income was \$68,554, compared with Texas was \$75,780 and the nation's was \$80,020.

Population growth is noticeable throughout all sections of the County. Even the smaller communities have experienced impressive residential development, and several new subdivisions have been approved and are underway. It is projected that the development will result in approximately 300 new homes in the County.

The County's location within the Eagle Ford shale development in Southern Texas has led to new economic opportunities even though oil and gas production has decreased. Although the County currently produces only minor amounts of oil and natural gas, there is potential for economic opportunities in neighboring counties and for the county to benefit from increased

retail trade, housing, and personnel. The renewed attraction of Colorado County as a favorable business environment, coupled with continued moderately low interest rates, continues to stimulate local construction activity. The tax base is diverse, with the 10 leading taxpayers accounting for 16.48% of total assessed value. Countywide tax abatement plans, which give reduced property taxes for several years, are being offered to industries to relocate in the County.

Long Term Financial Planning

County strategies and plans are integrated into all departmental budgets to ensure unified efforts within County government to achieve the goals and objectives of the County. County governments in Texas operate under a balanced budget as required by law. This does not mean that estimated revenues must always be exactly equal to estimated expenditures. In most of the annual operating budgets, the Commissioners' Court members usually decide to use a portion of fund balance reserves to balance the revenues to appropriations. As a sound financial management practice, members of Commissioners' Court consistently emphasize maintaining sufficient undesignated fund balance levels (unrestricted net position) to meet first quarter obligations of payroll and operating costs and furthermore, this assists in maintaining financial stability and retaining or enhancing the County's bond ratings.

Fund balance refers to the excess of assets over liabilities in governmental funds. For financial planning, fund balance is defined as the cumulative surpluses or deficits resulting from the difference between expenditures and revenues in any one fiscal year. The cumulative effect of yearly fund balance amounts is furthermore addressed as a fund balance reserve. When evaluating fund balance reserves, it is vitally important to maintain sufficient positive fund balance reserves to avoid borrowing to meet short-term operating needs.

Finally, because of the trend to shift unfunded mandates by both federal and state levels to local government, it is anticipated that additional financial burden will continue to be experienced by the County and ultimately local taxpayers if other sources of funding are not identified. The County will be tasked with identifying new or additional revenues to counter these expenditures. At its discretion, the Court may continue to utilize some amount of fund balance, which is healthy in the sense that it keeps the County from building up excessive reserves and reduces a future burden on taxpayers. Based on the amount of fund balance utilized to balance the 2023 budget, the Court must remain cautious in planning for the budget in fiscal year 2025 in the absence of either continued cost containment initiatives or significant additional revenue enhancement efforts. It is imperative that the County government continually strive to maintain steady increases in revenue while costs are on the rise.

Major Initiatives

The County has received funds from the U.S. Treasury in the amount of \$ \$4,174,764 from Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) as part of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to respond to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) or its negative economic impacts. The County awarded two initial contracts to utilize these funds for an EMS Maintenance Facility and a new EMS station in the southern part of the County in 2023. In 2024, contracts were awarded for replacement of the jail roof and additional jail renovations, including an updated surveillance system.

In July 2022 the County was notified that \$5,284,400 was awarded through Houston-Galveston Area Council (H-GAC) to develop a method of distribution (MOD) for the Regional Mitigation Program as part of the State of Texas Community Development Block Grant Mitigation (CDBG-MIT) Action Plan. The program is administered by the General Land Office. The County accepted the award in October 2022. Later that year, the County awarded contracts for

Administrative and Engineering Services and began to review eligible projects. During 2024, the County executed agreements with the various water utilities throughout the County and will also be soliciting bids for a communication tower. The contract period for this program is through October, 2027.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County has adopted an investment policy as required by state law and in conformity with state investment statutes. The investment policy, as adopted by the County, employs the prudent person concept in that priorities were established as to the investment vehicles the County would use. Compliance with the laws of the State of Texas and Safety were established as first priorities, followed by liquidity and low risk with a management philosophy of maintaining high professional and ethical standards.

The County Treasurer is responsible for administering all the investment of idle funds in the County. During the fiscal year, the County earned approximately \$ 1,611,000 of interest on the funds invested.

The County is responsible for establishing its tax rate. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the tax rate to finance general governmental services (the tax rate approved in 2023 to fund the 2024 fiscal year) was \$0.462964 per \$100 valuation and the tax rate for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt was \$.019166 per \$100 of valuation.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Colorado County for its Annual Comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This was the twenty-ninth consecutive year that Colorado County has achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, the County believes the current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and is being submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The production of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the County Auditor's staff. The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been completed without the assistance of the County's outside auditing firm, KM&L, LLC. Appreciation is expressed to all the members of the Commissioners' Court for support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Colorado County's finances. Sincere thanks to all other County Officials, Department Heads, and employees for their assistance in providing the necessary data to prepare this report. I would also like to thank the District Judges of Colorado County for their unwavering support, enabling this office to perform its duties in a responsible and progressive manner. I am very honored to serve the citizens of this County.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designated to provide an overview of the County's finances for individuals who are interested in this information. Questions concerning any of the data provided in this

The production of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the County Auditor's staff. The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been completed without the assistance of the County's outside auditing firm, KM&L, LLC. Appreciation is expressed to all the members of the Commissioners' Court for support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Colorado County's finances. Sincere thanks to all other County Officials, Department Heads, and employees for their assistance in providing the necessary data to prepare this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Michelle Lowrance, CPA, CGFM, CGMA

muchalle Lourance

Colorado County Auditor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Colorado County Texas

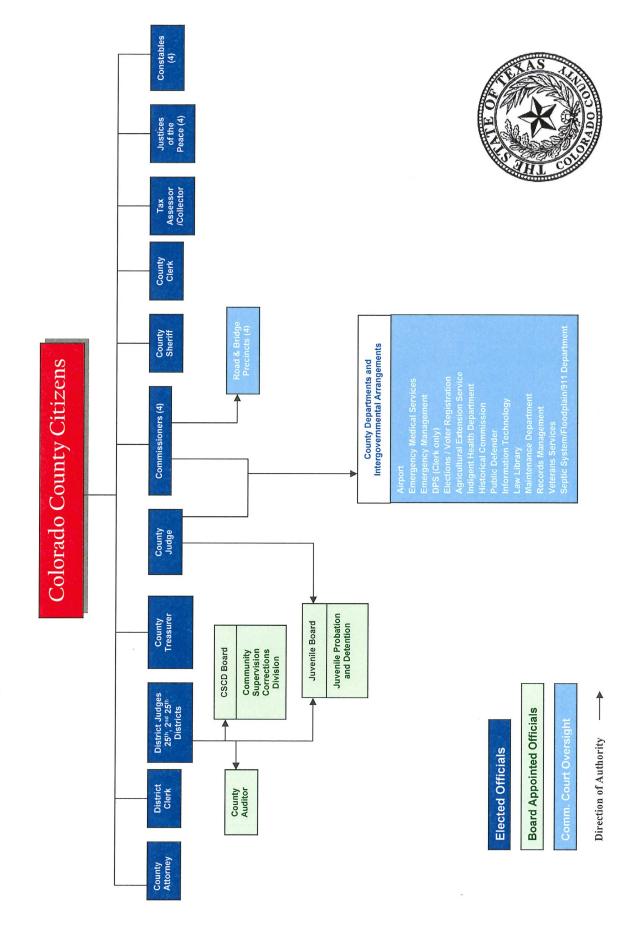
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Colorado County Organization Chart



Colorado County, Texas Elected and Appointed Officials December 31, 2024

Elected Officials

County Judge Daniel "Ty" Prause Commissioner Precinct No. 1 **Doug Wessels** Commissioner Precinct No. 2 Ryan Brandt Commissioner Precinct No. 3 Keith Neuendorff Commissioner Precinct No. 4 Darrell Gertson 25th Judicial District Judge William Old III 2nd 25th Judicial District Judge Jessica Crawford Tax Assessor-Collector Erica Kollaja Kimberly Menke County Clerk County/District Attorney Jay Johannes District Clerk Valerie Harmon County Treasurer Joyce Guthmann County Sheriff R.H. "Curly" Wied, III Justice of Peace Precinct No. 1 Billy Hefner Justice of Peace Precinct No. 2 Boe Reeves **Donald Clark** Justice of Peace Precinct No. 3 Justice of Peace Precinct No. 4 Stan Warfield Constable No. 1 Richard J. LaCourse Jr Constable No. 2 Lonnie Hinze Constable No. 3 Ivan Menke Constable No. 4 **Darrell Stancik** County Surveyor Matthew Loessin County Engineer Kirk Lowe

Appointed Officials

Veterans' Service Officer Charlotte Alger **Public Defenders** Kevin Dunn Louis Gimbert County Auditor Michelle Lowrance Adult Probation District Director Traci Darilek Juvenile Probation District Director Tricia Becker Adult Probation Officer Brittany Krenek Juvenile Probation Officer Sarah Fisher Juvenile Probation Officer Dwavne Hudlin Local Health Authority Bart Klaus, M.D. County Extension Office

County Ag Agent Laramie Kettler
Consumer and Family Science Ja'Shae Carter
Medical Director Lindsey Tijerina, M.D.

Asst Medical Director Raymond Russell Thomas, Jr., M.D.

Asst Medical Director Curtis Van Houten, M.D.
Asst Medical Director Raymond Cantu, M.D.









Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners' Court Colorado County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colorado County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 El Campo 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 Bay City 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners' Court Colorado County, Texas

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court Colorado County, Texas

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules and required OPEB schedules on pages 5 through 16 and 63 through 70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners' Court Colorado County, Texas

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2025, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas June 25, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

As management of Colorado County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i through vi of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year for governmental activities by \$ 46,097,108 (net position). Of this amount, unrestricted net position is \$ 10,823,172.
- The County's total net position increased for governmental activities by \$ 4,940,858.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 19,145,874. 43.13% of this amount, \$ 8,258,256 (unassigned fund balance), was available for use within the County's fund designations. Of the governmental funds amount, \$ 10,464,589 has been restricted or committed for specific uses.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$8,258,256 or 43.79% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The *governmental activities* of the County include general administration, financial administration, judicial, public safety, public facilities, public transportation, conservation and health and welfare. The County has no *business-type activities*.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

 Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, provides reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains twenty-two (22) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and American Rescue Plan Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty (20) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 23 of this report.

• **Proprietary Funds.** The County maintains no proprietary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's operations. The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The County's basic fiduciary financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 25.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 59 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 63 through 70 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual statements and schedules can be found on pages 74 through 107 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 46,097,108 as of December 31, 2024. This is an increase in net position of \$ 4,940,858 which is primarily due to an increase in operating grants and contributions and property taxes.

The largest portion of the County's net position of \$ 24,648,091 reflects its investments in capital assets (land; construction in progress; buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses capital assets to provide service to citizens and consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$ 2,781,370 due to an increase in capital grants and contributions for the current fiscal year.

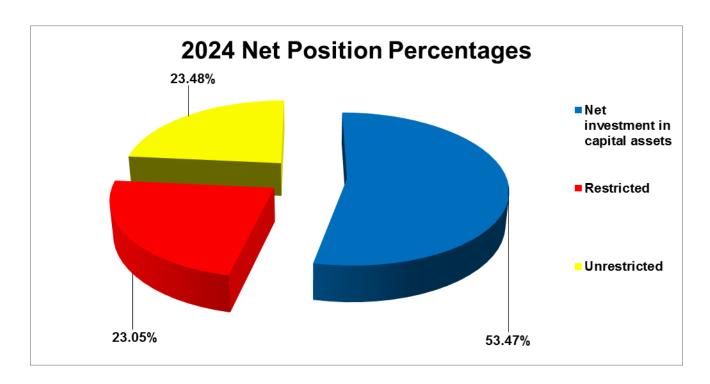
An additional portion of the County's net position of \$ 10,625,845 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is \$ 10,823,172, which represents unrestricted net position.

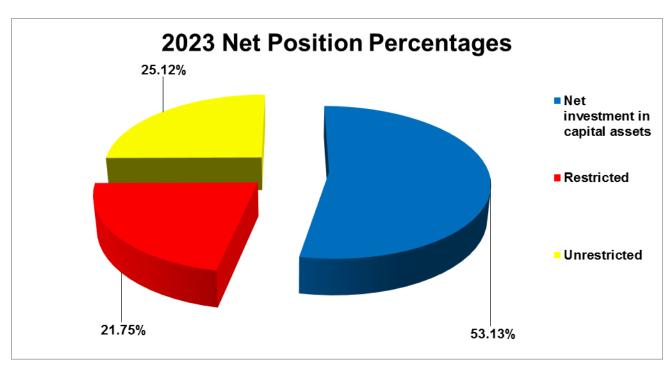
COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

COLORADO COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Govern			
Assets:	2024	2023	Net <u>Change</u>	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 41,589, 27,924,		·	
Total assets	69,514,	473 66,802,599	2,711,874	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,707,	025 2,646,043	(939,018)	
Liabilities: Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	2,730, 5,310,		, , ,	
Total liabilities	8,040,	<u> </u>	(4,349,674)	
Total deferred inflows of resources	17,084,	<u>118</u> <u>15,902,446</u>	1,181,672	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	24,648, 10,625, 10,823,	845 8,950,556	, ,	
Total net position	\$ <u>46,097</u> ,	<u>108</u> \$ <u>41,156,250</u>	\$ <u>4,940,858</u>	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024





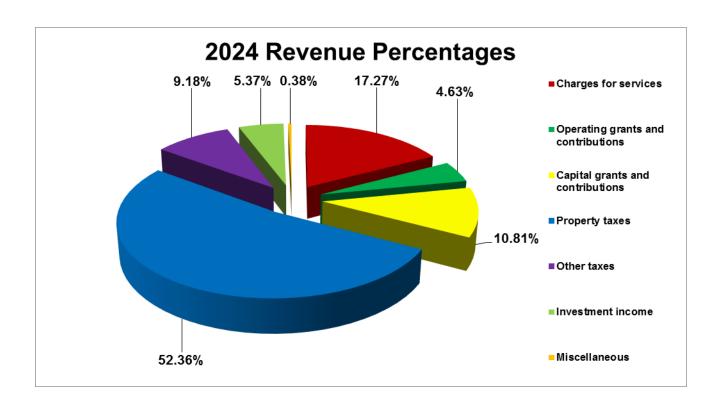
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

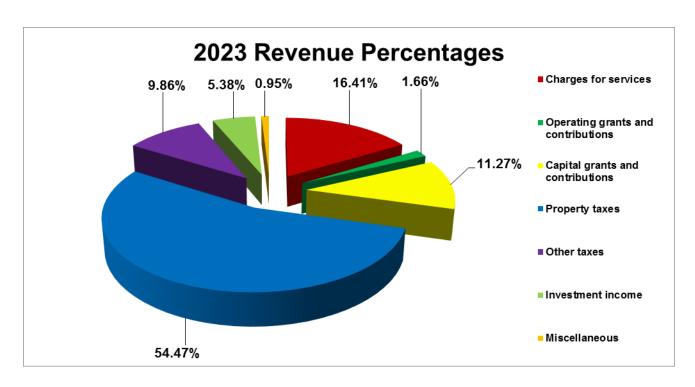
Analysis of the County's Operations. Governmental activities reported an increase in net position in the amount of \$4,940,858 due to increased operating grants and contributions and property taxes. The following table provides a summary of the County's operations for the year ended December 31, 2024.

COLORADO COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

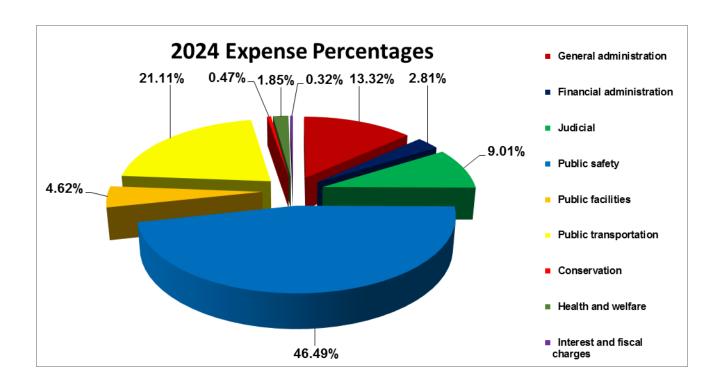
		Governmen				
		2024		2023		Net Change
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	5,152,713	\$	4,522,480	\$	630,233
Operating grants and contributions	·	1,380,721	·	456,114	·	924,607
Capital grants and contributions		3,224,275		3,105,928		118,347
General Revenues:		45 005 000		45 000 407		C4E 70E
Property taxes		15,625,232		15,009,437		615,795
Other taxes		2,737,774		2,715,760		22,014
Investment income		1,603,437		1,482,939		120,498
Miscellaneous	_	<u>115,436</u>	_	<u> 261,436</u>	_	(146,000)
Total revenues	_	29,839,588	_	27,554,094	_	2,285,494
Expenses:						
General administration		3,316,161		3,361,644		(45,483)
Financial administration		700,307		608,934		91,373
Judicial		2,243,460		1,935,311		308,149
Public safety		11,575,683		9,840,915		1,734,768
Public facilities		1,150,183		1,173,158		(22,975)
Public transportation		5,256,584		4,334,639		921,945
Conservation		116,688		121,974		(5,286)
Health and welfare		460,396		379,443		80,953 [°]
Interest and fiscal charges	_	79,268	_	89,036	_	(9,768)
Total expenses	_	24,898,730	_	21,845,054	_	3,053,676
Change in net position		4,940,858		5,709,040		(768,182)
Net position - beginning	_	41,156,250	_	35,447,210	_	5,709,040
Net position - ending	\$_	46,097,108	\$_	41,156,250	\$_	4,940,858

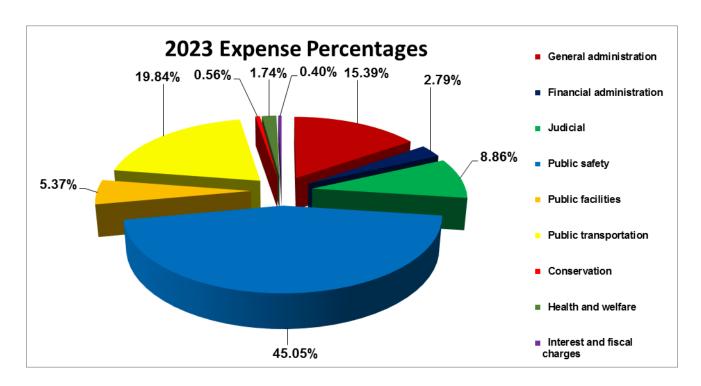
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 19,145,874. The unassigned fund balance of \$ 8,258,256 constitutes 43.13% of ending fund balance. The fund balance is categorized as 1) nonspendable of \$ 423,029, 2) restricted of \$ 2,483,699, 3) committed of \$ 7,980,890, and 4) unassigned of \$ 8,258,256.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. Fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$ 138,092; the American Rescue Plan Fund increased by \$ 196,213, and other governmental funds increased by \$ 1,510,621. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 43.79% of total general fund expenditures, and total fund balance represents 45.11% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$ 138,092 compared to a net increase of \$ 888,158 in the prior year due to increased property tax revenue and increased expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. The County budget is prepared by the County Judge's Office and presented to Commissioners' Court for approval. The County operates within this budget for the fiscal year with expenditure amendments made as needed.

The Commissioners' Court approved decreases to appropriations of \$ 2,600,000. Various grant awards were also allocated to revenue and expenditures during the year as necessary.

Total General Fund revenue exceeded the budget by approximately 7.63% and total General Fund expenditures were under budget by approximately 1.31%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Capital Assets

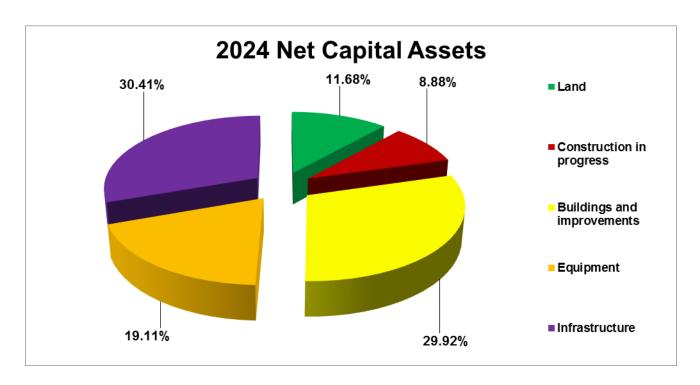
This investment in capital assets includes land; construction in progress; buildings and improvements; equipment and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

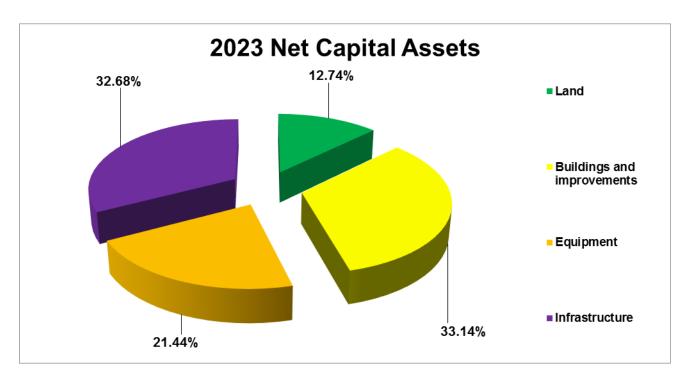
- Construction of a new EMS building and repairs to the jail facility.
- Acquisition of new vehicles road and bridge equipment.
- Road and bridge improvements are continuous.

COLORADO COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		Governmen	Net			
		2024		2023		Change
Land	\$	3,260,342	\$	3,280,344	\$	(20,002)
Constructions in progress		2,479,095		-		2,479,095
Buildings and improvements		8,355,422		8,529,741		(174,319)
Equipment		5,337,317		5,517,111		(179,794)
Infrastructure	_	8,492,623	_	8,410,137	_	82,486
Total	\$	27,924,799	\$_	25,737,333	\$_	2,187,466



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024



Additional of information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 43 this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had a total bonded debt of \$2,875,000, which comprises bonded and debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County agreement. The bonds will be retired with revenues from property taxes.

COLORADO COUNTY'S LONG-TERM DEBT

		Governmental Activities				Net	
		2024		2023		Change	
Certificates of obligation bonds	\$	2,875,000	\$	3,420,000	\$	(545,000)	
Notes payable	*	403,765	*	455,961	•	(52,196)	
Bond discount		(2,057)		(5,349)		3,292	
Compensated absences		386,543		231,557		154,986	
Net pension liability		1,237,409		3,250,187		(2,012,778)	
Total OPEB liability		409,400		197,428	_	211,972	
Total	\$	5,310,060	\$	7,549,784	\$_	(2,239,724)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

During the fiscal year, the County's total debt decreased by \$ 2,239,724 or 29.67%. The net decrease was due primarily to the increased valuation on the net pension liability.

All of the outstanding Bonds of the County payable from its limited taxes are insured and are, therefore, rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's ("S&P"). State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government may issue to 25% of its total assessed valuation. The current limitation for the County significantly exceeds the outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 44 through 46 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient, effective and controlled use of the County's resources. Through the budget, the County Commissioners set the direction of the County, allocate its resources and establish its priorities.

The 2025 budget was adopted September 9, 2024 with General Fund expenditures of \$19,970,000 and a revenue budget of \$18,550,000.

The Commissioners' Court adopted a maintenance and operation tax rate of \$ 0.324247, road & bridge tax rate of \$ 0.123500 and a debt service tax rate of \$ 0.017166 per \$ 100 assessed valuation, respectively.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Colorado County Auditor, 318 Spring Street, Room 104, Columbus, Texas, 78934.



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$	23,448,289
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid expenses Capital Assets:	Ψ	11,385,940 3,149,999 3,182,417 168,031 254,998
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements (net) Equipment (net) Infrastructure (net)		3,260,342 2,479,095 8,355,422 5,337,317 8,492,623
Total assets		69,514,473
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources		1,707,025
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,707,025
Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year: Other long-term liabilities Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Total liabilities	_	1,046,348 24,138 1,659,726 900,036 2,763,215 1,237,409 409,400 8,040,272
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources		17,084,118
Total deferred inflows of resources		17,084,118
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Public transportation Other Unrestricted		24,648,091 7,930,659 2,695,186 10,823,172
Total net position	\$	46,097,108

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Functions/Programs		Expenses		P Charges for Services		gram Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	F 	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Experimental Activities
Governmental Activities: General administration Financial administration	\$	3,316,161 700,307	\$	423,672 486,825	\$	498,452	\$ 126,191	\$	(2,267,846) (213,482)
Judicial		2,243,460		694,393		66,625	_		(1,482,442)
Public safety		11,575,683		2,502,023		575,687	2,731,343		(5,766,630)
Public facilities		1,150,183		-		-	-		(1,150,183)
Public transportation		5,256,584		964,500		203,222	366,741		(3,722,121)
Conservation		116,688		-		-	-		(116,688)
Health and welfare		460,396		81,300		36,735	-		(342,361)
Interest and fiscal charges	_	79,268			-	-	-	-	(79,268)
Total governmental activities	_	24,898,730	_	5,152,713	-	1,380,721	3,224,275	_	(15,141,021)
General Revenue:									
Property taxes									15,625,232
Other taxes									2,737,774
Investment income									1,603,437
Miscellaneous								_	115,436
-									00 004 070
Total general revenue								-	20,081,879
Change in net position									4,940,858
Net position - beginning								_	41,156,250
Net position - ending								\$_	46,097,108

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASBalance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

	_	General Fund		American Rescue Plan Fund	G —	Other sovernmental Funds	<u>-</u>	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$	10,634,295	\$	1,896,224	\$	10,917,770	\$	23,448,289
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid expenditures	_	7,939,029 2,230,642 180,142 - 248,310		- - - -	_	3,446,911 951,775 - 168,031 6,688	_	11,385,940 3,182,417 180,142 168,031 254,998
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	21,232,418	\$	1,896,224	\$_	15,491,175	\$_	38,619,817
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance: Liabilities:								
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	868,167 - 293,306	\$	- - 1,366,420	\$	178,181 180,142 -	\$	1,046,348 180,142 1,659,726
Total liabilities	_	1,161,473		1,366,420		358,323	_	2,886,216
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources	_	11,564,379	_		_	5,023,348	_	16,587,727
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	11,564,379	_		_	5,023,348	_	16,587,727
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	_	248,310 - - 8,258,256	_	529,804 - -	_	174,719 1,953,895 7,980,890	_	423,029 2,483,699 7,980,890 8,258,256
Total fund balance		8,506,566	_	529,804	_	10,109,504	-	<u> 19,145,874</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ <u></u>	21,232,418	\$	1,896,224	\$_	15,491,175	\$_	38,619,817

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net pension liability

Total OPEB liability
Deferred inflows - pension

Deferred inflows - OPEB

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

Total fund balance - governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit 3)

19,145,874

(1,237,409)

(409,400)

(503,005)

(27,880)

(4,158,058)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:

· ·			
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ _	145,748,237 (117,823,438)	27,924,799
Some of the County's assets are not available to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. These assets consist of:			
Property taxes receivable Judicial receivables Ambulance receivables	\$ _	34,494 2,166,650 983,349	3,184,493
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:			
Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB Bond discount Accrued interest on bonds Bonds payable Notes payable Compensated absences	\$	1,495,246 211,779 2,057 (24,138) (2,875,000) (403,765) (386,543)	

Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position (Exhibit 1) \$\\\\46,097,108\$

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASStatement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		General Fund	_	American Rescue Plan Fund	G —	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits	\$	13,618,125 533,155 38,177	\$	2,435,296	\$	4,866,400 543,651 811,802	\$	18,484,525 3,512,102 849,979
Charges for services		3,287,173		_		347,531		3,634,704
Fines and forfeitures		568,134		-		37,638		605,772
Investment income		750,825		196,213		656,399		1,603,437
Miscellaneous	_	290,104	_		_	68,017	_	358,121
Total revenues	_	19,085,693	_	2,631,509		7,331,438	_	29,048,640
Expenditures: Current:								
General administration		2,751,834		61,600		494,201		3,307,635
Financial administration		752,534		-		-		752,534
Judicial		2,207,924		-		43,155		2,251,079
Public safety		10,743,268		-		75,857		10,819,125
Public facilities		613,996		-		- 2 722 105		613,996
Public transportation Conservation		117,630		-		3,733,195		3,733,195 117,630
Health and welfare		462,113		-		_		462,113
Capital outlay		1,157,116		2,373,696		937,770		4,468,582
Debt service:		1,107,110		2,070,000		301,110		4,400,002
Principal		52,196		_		545,000		597,196
Interest and fiscal charges		-,		<u>-</u>		80,629		80,629
Total expenditures		18,858,611	_	2,435,296	_	5,909,807	_	27,203,714
Excess of revenues over expenditures		227,082	_	196,213	_	1,421,631	_	1,844,926
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		- (88,990)	_	- -		88,990		88,990 (88,990)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(88,990)	_	<u>-</u>		88,990	_	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balance		138,092		196,213		1,510,621		1,844,926
Fund balance - beginning		8,368,474	_	333,591	_	8,598,883	_	17,300,948
Fund balance - ending	\$	8,506,566	\$_	529,804	\$_	10,109,504	\$_	19,145,874

Exhibit 4R

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds to Governmental Activities Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Change in fund balance - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)

\$ 1,844,926

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	\$ 4,468,582	
Capital contributions	850,579	
Depreciation expense	(3,111,693)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(20,002)	2,187,466

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect on premiums and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.

Principal payments on bonds payable	\$ 597,196	
Change in accrued interest	4,653	
Change in compensated absences	(154,986)	
Amortization of bond premium	(3,292)	443,571

The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Net pension liability decreased	\$ 2,012,778	
Deferred outflows decreased	(1,120,748)	
Deferred inflows increased	(346,696)	545,334

The net change in total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Total OPEB liability increased	\$ (211,972)	
Deferred outflows increased	181,730	
Deferred inflows decreased	9,434	(20,808)

Because some property taxes receivable, judicial receivables and ambulance receivables will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds.

(59,631)

Change in net position of governmental activities (see Exhibit 2)

4.940.858

Exhibit 5

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASStatement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$ <u>4,448,228</u>
Total assets	4,448,228
Liabilities: Accounts payable Held for others Due to other governments Total liabilities	99,442 3,861,632 202,430 4,163,504
Net Position: Individuals, organizations and other governments	284,724
Total net position	\$ <u>284,724</u>

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Statement of Change in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

A JURG and a	Custodial Funds
Additions: Tax collections for other governments Held for others Investment income	\$ 13,445,818 1,246,628 27,756
Total additions	14,720,202
Deductions: Payments to individuals Payments to other governments	1,544,923 13,647,455
Total deductions	15,192,378
Net change in net position	(472,176)
Net position - beginning	756,900
Net position - ending	\$ <u>284,724</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

<u>Note</u>

1	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	28
2	Deposits and Investments	38
3	Receivables, Uncollectible Accounts, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue	39
4	Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers	42
5	Capital Assets	43
6	Disaggregation of Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable	44
7	Long-Term Debt	44
8	Texas County and District Retirement System Pension Plan	46
9	Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)	54
10	Contingencies	58
11	Grants, Entitlements and Shared Revenues	58
12	Risk Management	59
13	Evaluation of Subsequent Events	59

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Colorado County, Texas (the "County") was established in 1836 by the Republic of Texas. Commissioners' Court is the level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities of the County. The Commissioners' Court is composed of four commissioners, each elected from the four precincts in the County and the County Judge elected from the entire County. The members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted account principles. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review addressed in defining the County's reporting entity.

Financial accountability - The primary government is deemed to be financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an Organization's governing body and 1) is able to impose its will on that Organization or 2) there is a potential for the Organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Additionally, the primary government may be financially accountable if an Organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government, regardless of whether the Organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or a jointly appointed board. There are no component units which satisfy requirements for blending or discrete presentation within the County's financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County has no enterprise funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from property and other taxes, grants and contracts, fees (charges for services), fines (including forfeitures), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the County to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County has presented the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

The American Rescue Plan Fund is the County's fund used to account for federally sourced revenue used to replace County revenue lost due to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

The County reports the following fiduciary funds:

The Custodial Funds account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent. The County's custodial funds include County Attorney Seizure, County Clerk, District Clerk, Justice of the Peace #2, Justice of the Peace #4, Sheriff, County Attorney and Tax Collector funds.

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB Statement No. 100 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment to GASB Statement No. 62" was issued in June 2022. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101 "Compensated Absences" was issued in June 2022. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 102 "Certain Risk Disclosures" was issued in December 2023. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

New Pronouncements - Continued

GASB Statement No. 103 "Financial Reporting Model Improvements" was issued in April 2024. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 104 "Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets" was issued in September 2024. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

Budgetary Data

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The legal level of budgetary control is at the category or line item level (salaries and wages and employee benefits, and operating expenditures) within departments of each fund. Any expenditure, which alters the total budgeted amounts of a fund must be approved by Commissioners' Court, and the budget amended. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, certain special revenue funds (Records Preservation Fund, Airport Fund, Road & Bridge Precinct Number 1 Fund, Road & Bridge Precinct Number 2 Fund, Road & Bridge Precinct Number 3 Fund, Road & Bridge Precinct Number 4 Fund, Security Fund, Law Library Fund, Justice Court Technology Fund and County and District Court Technology Fund), and the Debt Service Fund.

The County Judge is, by statute, the Budget Officer of the County and has the responsibility of preparing the County's budget. Under the County's budget procedures, each department submits a budget request to the County Judge. The County Judge reviews budget requests and holds informal hearings as necessary. Before September 1, a proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners' Court. A public hearing is then held, and the Commissioners' Court acts on the proposed budget. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available cash.

Once the budget has been adopted by Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding appropriations and for keeping members of Commissioners' Court advised of the conditions of the various funds and accounts.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and category. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners' Court. Department heads may approve line item transfers for expenditures of their respective department. However, no amendments for the personnel services category may be made without Commissioners' Court approval to the total budget. Thus, the legal level of budgetary control is at the personnel services category level within each department and the department level overall. Expenditures can exceed appropriations as long as they do not exceed the available revenues and cash balances.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. As of December 31, 2024, the County had \$ 351,568 of outstanding encumbrances in the General Fund unassigned fund balance and \$ 153,191 in the Other Governmental Funds committed fund balance.

Cash and Investments

Cash and temporary investments include amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County. For purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and temporary investments are considered cash equivalents. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are stated at fair value.

The County maintains cash that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and temporary investments under each fund's caption. Funds are allowed to exceed the amount of their equity in the pooled cash account. Funds with overdrawn accounts are disclosed as an interfund payable in the liability section of the balance sheet.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of October 1st of each year with statements prepared and mailed at that date or soon thereafter. The tax levy is based upon appraised property values as of each previous January 1st for all taxable property within the County. Payments are due and payable when taxes are levied and may be timely paid through January 31st. On February 1st, taxes become delinquent and subject to penalty and interest charges. After June 30th, any uncollected taxes are subject to tax suit and additional charges to offset related legal costs. The lien date for property taxes is July 1st.

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the Colorado County Appraisal District. The Texas Legislature established the Appraisal District and the related Appraisal Review Board in 1979 through the adoption of a comprehensive Property Tax Code. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property is reappraised at least every four years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units including the County, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Under the Code, the Commissioners' Court will continue to set annual tax rates on the property. The Code also provides that, if approved by the qualified voters in the Appraisal District, collection functions may be placed with the Appraisal District. The County bills and collects its property taxes and those of certain other taxing entities. Collections of those taxes pending distribution are accounted for in a custodial fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property Taxes - Continued

The County is permitted by Article VIII, Section 9 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$0.80 per \$100 assessed valuation for general governmental services including payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt and maintenance of roads and bridges. Article 6790 of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect an additional \$0.15 per \$100 valuation for road and bridge purposes. Article 7048a of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect \$0.30 per \$100 valuation for road, bridge and flood control purposes.

The County's 2024 tax levy, supporting the 2025 fiscal period budget, totaled \$ 0.464913 per \$ 100 valuation and was comprised as follows:

General Fund	\$ 0.324247
Road and Bridge Funds	0.123500
Debt Service Fund	0.017166
Combined tax rate	\$ <u>0.464913</u>

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The County had no advances between funds. All activity between funds was for short-term cash flow requirements. See Note 4 for additional discussion of interfund receivables and payables.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The County utilizes the consumption method to account for inventory and prepaid expenditures. Under this method, inventory and prepaid expenditures are considered an expenditure when used rather than when purchased. Significant inventories are reported on the balance sheet at cost, using the first-in, first-out method, with an offsetting reservation of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements since they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets. Inventories in the governmental funds are comprised of road materials, bulk fuel, parts, and chemicals. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in government-wide and prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, vehicles and equipment, buildings and improvements, and infrastructure are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date of donation. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the year ended December 31, 2024, no capitalized interest was included in the cost of capital assets under construction.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over two years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Leased assets are depreciated over the lesser of the term of the related lease or the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 30 Years
Equipment 3-10 Years
Infrastructure 20-45 Years

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability is matured as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the county and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

The liability for compensated absences disclosed in the financial statements represents accumulated vacation and compensatory time at December 31, 2024, computed at pay rates in effect at that time was \$ 386,543.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Colorado County Retiree Health Care Plan (the "Plan") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from the Plan's total OPEB liability. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no assets as this is a pay-as-you-go plan.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as interest and fiscal charge expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Balance

The County's Commissioners' Court meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The County's unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the County's Commissioners' Court. Fund Balance of the County may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the County's Commissioners' Court. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the County's Commissioners' Court. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the County's Commissioners' Court has delegated authority to the County Judge or the County Auditor. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended are as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The *nonspendable* fund balance includes a portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Resources not in spendable form include inventories, prepaid expenditures and long-term receivables.

The *restricted* fund balance includes net resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers (creditors, grantors, and contributors), laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation. The enabling legislation authorizes the County to access, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources from external resource providers; those resources can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The County's fee revenue generated through enabling legislations include auto registration fees, birth/death certificate fees, adult bond supervision fees, child abuse protection fees, court technology fees, election service fees, family protection fees, financial security fees, juvenile case management fees, law library fees, records archive fees, and records management and preservation fees reported under Non-Major Special Revenue Funds, and auto registration fees, certificates of title, and gross weight and axle fees reported under the Road & Bridge Precinct Funds.

The *committed* fund balance includes spendable net resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal Commissioners' Court actions, no later than the close of the fiscal year. These actions must be in the form of a resolution approved by Commissioners' Court. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources. At December 31, 2024, the Commissioners' agreed to commit fund balances for the Airport Fund, each of the Road & Bridge Precinct Funds and Historical Commission Fund.

The assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent should be expressed by Commissioners' Court or its designated officials to assign amounts to be used. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal Commissioners' Court actions. At December 31, 2024, there are no assignments of fund balance.

The *unassigned* Fund Balance represents spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Balance - Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

The following schedule presents details of fund balance components at December 31, 2024:

				American				
				Rescue		Other		Total
		General		Plan -	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
- IB.	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Funds	_	Activities
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:	_		_		_		_	
Inventories	\$	-	\$	-	\$	168,031	\$	168,031
Prepaid expenditures		248,310		-		6,688		254,998
Restricted:								
Court improvements and operations		-		-		94,038		94,038
Debt service		-		-		209,216		209,216
Election services		-		-		5,852		5,852
Federal and state grants		-		529,804		-		529,804
Library services		-		-		163,445		163,445
Public safety services		-		-		70,852		70,852
Records management		-		-		1,030,483		1,030,483
County/District Attorney services		-		-		380,009		380,009
Committed:								
Airport operations		-		-		220,545		220,545
Public transportation		-		-		7,753,267		7,753,267
Historical preservation		-		-		7,078		7,078
Unassigned		8,258,256	-	<u>-</u>	_		_	8,258,256
Total fund balance	\$_	8,506,566	\$	529,804	\$_	10,109,504	\$_	19,145,874

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Position - Continued

	Go	overnmental Activities
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	24,648,091
Restricted:		
Public transportation		7,930,659
Other:		
Airport operations		220,545
County/District Attorney services		380,009
Court improvements and operations		100,226
Debt service		186,392
Election services		5,852
Federal and state grants		529,804
Historical preservations		7,078
Library services		163,445
Public safety services		70,852
Records management		1,030,983
Unrestricted	_	10,823,172
Total net position	\$_	46,097,108

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and temporary investments, and investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose, a temporary investment is one that when purchased had a maturity date of three months or less. Investments are classified as either short-term investments or investments. Short-term investments have a maturity of one year or less and investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to them. The County requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 110 percent of uninsured balances.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the County's financial institution deposits, was \$27,896,517, while the financial institution balances totaled \$28,339,983. Of these balances, \$266,254 was covered by federal depository insurance coverage and \$28,073,729 was covered by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the County to invest its funds under a written investment policy. The investment policy primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and also addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policy, which excludes certain instruments allowed under the Public Funds Investment Act.

The County's investment policy authorizes the County to invest in 1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; 3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; 4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; 5) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in the state that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by obligations that are described in 1) through 4); 6) money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities an Exchange Commission with a dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days or less; 7) eligible investment pools organized and operating in compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act that have been authorized by Commissioners' Court, and whose investment philosophy and strategy are consistent with the Policy and the County's ongoing investment strategy.

The County's Investment Officer submits an investment report quarterly to Commissioners' Court. The report details the investment position and transactions of the County and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment strategy and Texas state law.

For the year ending December 31, 2024, the County did not have any investments.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of December 31, 2024, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Other	Total
	General	Governmental	l Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
Receivables:			
Taxes	\$ 8,435,964	\$ 3,683,123	\$12,119,087
Due from other governments	2,230,642	<u>951,775</u>	3,182,417
Gross receivables	10,666,606	4,634,898	15,301,504
Less allowance for Uncollectibles:			
Property taxes	(496,935)	(236,212)	(733,147)
Total net receivables	\$ <u>10,169,671</u>	\$ <u>4,398,686</u>	\$ <u>14,568,357</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Receivables From Other Governments

The County participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the County receives entitlements from the State through the legislative actions and taxes collected by the State on behalf of the County (other taxes). All federal grants shown below are either direct or passed through state or local agencies and are reported on the financial statements as due from other governments.

Amounts due from federal, state, and local governments as of December 31, 2024 are summarized below:

	Federa		0.11		+
	Grants	<u> </u>	<u>Other</u>	_	Total
Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$ 31,	404	\$ 2,199,238	\$	2,230,642
Other Governmental Funds	181,		769,961	_	951,775
Total	\$ <u>213,</u>	<u>218</u>	\$ <u>2,969,199</u>	\$_	3,182,417

Judicial and Emergency Medical Service Receivables

Judicial and Emergency Medical Service receivables are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position. Since these receivables do not represent current available resources, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The allowance for uncollectible receivables related to the County's various court assessments and emergency medical service is determined based on historical experience and evaluation of collectability in relation to the aging of customer accounts. The following is a summary of the receivable and allowance for uncollectible as of December 31, 2024:

			Αl	lowance for		
		Gross	U	ncollectible		Net
	_ <u> </u>	Receivable_		Accounts	R	eceivable_
Judicial Receivables:						
Justice of the Peace	\$	5,313,550	\$	(3,985,163)	\$	1,328,387
County Courts		1,060,659		(795,494)		265,165
District Courts		2,292,393		(1,719,295)		573,098
Emergency Medical Service	_	3,754,283	_	(2,770,934)		983,349
Total	\$_	12,420,885	\$_	<u>(9,270,886</u>)	\$	3,149,999

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of December 31, 2024, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue - Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

		American Rescue	Other	
	General Fund	Plan Fund	Governmental Funds	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Current property taxes collected				
(October 1, 2024 Levy)	\$ 3,645,086	\$ -	\$ 1,585,258	\$ 5,230,344
Current property taxes receivable				
(October 1, 2024 Levy)	7,895,474	-	3,427,415	11,322,889
Delinquent property taxes receivable				
(October 1, 2023 and prior)	23,819	-	10,675	34,494
Unearned Revenue:				
Federal grants	-	1,366,420	-	1,366,420
Local grants	<u>293,306</u>			293,306
Total	\$ <u>11,857,685</u>	\$ <u>1,366,420</u>	\$ <u>5,023,348</u>	\$ <u>18,247,453</u>

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension expense for contributions made from the measurement date to the current year end of December 31, 2024 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of December 31, 2024, the various components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Unearned Revenue
Pension Related: Differences between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual	\$ -	\$ 503,005	\$ -
investment earnings Subsequent contributions	207,834 1,287,412	-	-

(continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue - Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

		Deferred outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		Unearned
Governmental Activities:	R	Resources		Resources	_	Revenue
OPEB related:						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	210,264	\$	5,143	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		1,515		22,737		-
Current property taxes collected (October 1, 2024 Levy)		-		5,230,344		-
Current property taxes receivable (October 1, 2024 Levy)		-		11,322,889		-
Unearned Revenue:						
Federal grants		-		-		1,366,420
Local grants			_		_	293,306
Totals	\$	1,707,025	\$_	17,084,118	\$_	1,659,726

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2024 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	12-31-24
General Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	\$ <u>180,142</u>
Total		\$ <u>180,142</u>

Interfund receivables and payables represent short-term borrowings primarily for cash flow purposes. These include short-term borrowings for reimbursement grants and some revenue or expenditures/expense adjustments between funds at or near year-end.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024 consisted of the following individual fund transfers in and transfers out:

Transferring Fund	Receiving Fund	Amounts
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ <u>88,990</u>
Total		\$ 88.990

The Commissioners' Court approved these transfers, as transfers of operational funds to cover planned expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Transactions

Governmental Activities:	Balance 01-01-24	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments & Transfers	Balance 12-31-24
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 3,280,344	\$ - 2,479,095	\$ (20,002)	\$ - 	\$ 3,260,342 2,479,095
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,280,344	2,479,095	(20,002)	_	5,739,437
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	25,357,295 16,684,921 95,129,253	1,295,840 698,293 845,933	(745) (1,990)	- - -	26,653,135 17,382,469 95,973,196
Total capital assets being depreciated	137,171,469	2,840,066	(2,735)		140,008,800
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicle Infrastructure	16,827,554 11,167,810 <u>86,719,116</u>	1,470,159 878,087 763,447	(745) <u>(1,990</u>)	- - -	18,297,713 12,045,152 87,480,573
Total accumulated depreciation	114,714,480	3,111,693	(2,735)		117,823,438
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,456,989	(271,627) <u> </u>		22,185,362
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>25,737,333</u>	\$ <u>2,207,468</u>	\$(20,002)	\$	\$ <u>27,924,799</u>

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the County received roads and equipment totaling \$850,579.

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to functional categories of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities:	<u>12-31-24</u>
General government	\$ 25,946
Judicial	2,352
Public safety	976,667
Public facilities	542,456
Public transportation	1,563,531
Health and welfare	741
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>3,111,693</u>

Construction Commitments

There were no construction commitments as of December 31, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 6 - DISAGGREGATION OF ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYABLE

Accounts and accrued liabilities payable as of December 31, 2024, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

		General Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds		Total
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable:						
Vendors	\$	409,994	\$	140,003	\$	549,997
Accrued compensation	·	263,728		38,178		301,906
Other governments		194,085		-		194,085
Due to others	_	360		_		360
Total	\$ <u>_</u>	868,167	\$	178,181	\$_	1,046,348

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Certificate of Obligation Bonded Debt

Certificates of obligations payable at December 31, 2024, are summarized as follows:

		Series Dates		Bonds	
	Interest	NA -tit	Callabla	Outstanding	
Combination Tax and Revenue	Rate %	<u>Maturity</u>	Callable	12-31-24	-
Bonds, Series 2012	2.28	2018	2025	\$ 150,000)
Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2019	2.08	2019	2031	2,725,000	<u>)</u>
Total				\$ <u>2,875,000</u>	<u>)</u>

Certificates of obligation bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Bonds outstanding, January 1, 2024	\$ 3,420,000
Maturities	(545,000)
Bonds outstanding, December 31, 2024	\$ <u>2,875,000</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Certificate of Obligation Bonded Debt - Continued

The bond ordinances require that a tax be levied sufficient to pay current interest and create a sinking fund of not less than the amount to pay current principal and interest. The current year tax levy was set to utilize the excess fund balance above the bond ordinance requirement. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the amount of ad valorem taxes collected for interest and sinking were \$ 629,833, while the debt service requirements for principal and interest was \$ 625,229. The bond resolutions provide no express remedies in the event of default and make no provision for acceleration of maturity of the bonds.

The following is a summary of certificate of obligation bond requirements by year as of December 31, 2024:

Year Ending December 31,	_ Principal	Interest	Total <u>Requirements</u>
2025	\$ 555,000	\$ 64,368	\$ 619,368
2026	585,000	51,736	636,736
2027	595,000	38,690	633,690
2028	600,000	25,422	625,422
2029	180,000	12,042	192,042
2030-2031	360,000	12,042	372,042
Total	\$ <u>2,875,000</u>	\$ <u>204,300</u>	\$ <u>3,079,300</u>

Bonds payable are liquidated through the debt service fund. Compensated absences are liquidated through the general fund and other non-major governmental funds.

Notes Payable

In September 2023, the County was approved for a loan for \$455,961 with an interest rate of 0.00%. The proceeds of this loan were used to purchase equipment for EMS. The County is required to make twelve monthly payments of \$2,107 beginning in January 2024 and the remaining forty-eight payments of \$8,973 beginning in January 2025.

Aggregate maturities of these notes payable for the years subsequent to December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	<u>F</u>	Principal	Inter	rest Re	Total equirements
2025	\$	107,671	\$	- \$	107,671
2026		107,671		-	107,671
2027		107,671		-	107,671
2028		80,752		-	80,752
Total	\$	403,765	\$		403,765

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2024 are summarized as follows:

		Balance 01-01-24		Issues or Additions		ayments or kpenditures	Balance 12-31-24		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds payable	\$	3,420,000	\$	-	\$	(545,000)\$	2,875,000	\$	555,000
Bond discount		(5,349)		-		3,292	(2,057))	(2,057)
Notes payable		455,961		-		(52,196)	403,765		107,671
Compensated absences		231,557		397,183		(242,197)	386,543		239,422
Net pension liability		3,250,187		4,769,394		(6,782,172)	1,237,409		-
Total OPEB liability	_	197,428	_	237,634	_	(25,662)	409,400	_	<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities	\$_	7,549,784	\$_	5,404,211	\$_	<u>(7,643,935</u>) \$	5,310,060	\$_	900,036

Bonded debt is funded primarily by property taxes from the Debt Service Fund. Compensated absences are payable by the fund in which the individual positions are budgeted. General Fund and the various special revenue funds have been used to fund current pension and OPEB costs.

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of more than 870 non-traditional defined benefit plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 79768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

All eligible employees of the County are required to participate in TCDRS.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The plan provisions are adopted by Commissioners' Court of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Plan provisions for the County were as follows:

	Plan Year 2024	Plan Year 2023
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Employer deposit rate	13.00%	13.00%
Matching ratio (County to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	8	8
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/8, 0/20	60/8, 0/20

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	110
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	229
Active employees	215
	554

Contributions - The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee compensation, and the employer matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, 200% or 250%, both as adopted by the governing body of the employer. Under the state laws governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each employer is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Participating employers are required to contribute at the actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience. In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

Employees of the County were required to contribute 7.00% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The County's required contribution rates of 12.39% and 12.38% in calendar years 2024 and 2023, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$ 1,287,412.

Net Pension Liability - The County's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 3.00% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Except where indicated in the section of this GASB 68 report entitled "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for GASB Calculations", the assumptions used in this analysis for the December 31, 2023 financial reporting metrics are the same as those used in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation analysis for the County.

Following is a description of the assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation analysis for the County. This information may also be found in the Colorado County December 31, 2023 Summary Valuation Report.

Economic Assumptions:

TCDRS System-Wide Economic Assumptions

Real rate of return	5.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Long-term investment return	7.50%

The assumed long-term investment return of 7.50% is net after investment and administrative expenses and is expected to enable the system to credit each employer's Subdivision Accumulation Fund (SAF) with a nominal annual rate of 7.50% on the combined Employee Savings Fund (ESF) and SAF funds, less the amount credited to the County's ESF. Under the TCDRS Act, the ESF is credited with a nominal annual rate of 7.00%. It is assumed interest will be credited at the nominal annual rate of 7.50% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.50% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.70% per year for a career employee.

Employer Specific Economic Assumptions

Growth in membership 0.00% Payroll growth 3.00%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers are based on January 2024 information for a 10-year time horizon.

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The assumption for the long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Torget	Real Rate of Return (Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Inflation)(2)
			,
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.75%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.75%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.75%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.35%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Index	9.00%	3.65%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan		
	TR USD Index	16.00%	7.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities		
	Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index		
	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.10%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.20%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity		
	Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	7.75%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
0.15.1.1	of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	3.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.60%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2024 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.20%, per Cliffwater's 2024 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Discount Rate - The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not include in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total		Plan		
		Pension		Fiduciary	١	let Pension
		Liability	١	Net Position		Liability
		(a)	_	(b)	_	(a)-(b)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$	43,711,887	\$	40,461,700	\$	3,250,187
Changes for the Year:		4 400 000				4 400 000
Service cost		1,100,390		-		1,100,390
Interest on total pension liability (1)		3,333,940		-		3,333,940
Effect of plan changes (2)		311,712		-		311,712
Effect of economic/demographic						
gains or losses		(574,009)		-		(574,009)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refunds of contributions		(154,206)		(154,206))	-
Employer contributions				1,140,942		(1,140,942)
Member contributions		-		614,355		(614,355)
Net investment income		-		4,445,109		(4,445,109)
Benefit payment,		(1,770,338)	1	(1,770,338))	-
Administrative expense		-		(23,352)		23,352
Other changes (3)		_		7,757	'	(7,757)
Carlot Changes	_		_	7,707	_	(1,101)
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$_	45,959,376	\$_	44,721,967	\$_	1,237,409

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability of the county, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease In Discount Rate I (6.60%)	Discount Rate (7.60%)	1% Increase In Discount Rate (8.60%)
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 51,652,798 \$ 44,721,967	45,959,376 44,721,967	\$ 41,183,467 44,721,967
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ <u>6,930,831</u> \$	<u>1,237,409</u>	\$ (3,538,500)

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Pension Expense:	Year Ended 12-31-24
Service cost	\$ 1,100,390
Interest on total pension liability (1)	3,333,940
Effect of plan changes	311,712
Administrative expenses	23,352
Member contributions	(614,355)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(3,068,194)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources:	,
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(89,372)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	464,861
Recognition of investment gains or losses	(712,799)
Other (2)	(7,757)
Pension expense	\$ 741,778

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At December 31, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measurement date ⁽³⁾	\$ - 207,834 <u>1,287,412</u>	\$ 503,005 -
Totals	\$ <u>1,495,246</u>	\$503,005

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ (448,188) (309,541) 737,941 (275,383)
2029	-
Thereafter (4)	-

⁽³⁾ Any eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in GASB No. 71.

⁽²⁾ Related to allocation of system-wide items.

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Contributions - Local Government Code Section 157.102 assigns to Commissioners' Court the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the plan members. The County may contribute all, part of, or none of the premium payment. The County's contribution, if any, will be determined annually by Commissioners' Court during the County budget process and will be effective on a fiscal year basis. The County does not contribute toward the cost of coverage for retirees who do not meet the eligibility requirements. The County pays no more for retiree healthcare than the premium it pays for active employees for each rate tier structure (retiree only, retiree + spouse, retiree + child, retiree + children, retiree + family).

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the total benefit payments made to the plan was \$ 18,542.

Total OPEB Liability - The County's total OPEB liability of \$ 197,428 was measured as of December 31, 2024 utilizing the actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2024.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age

Discount rate 4.31%
Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases 3.50%
Health care trend rates Level 4.50%

The RP-2014 Total Mortality Tables are used with the ultimate rates of Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2017, as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System.

Discount Rate - For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on S&P municipal bond 20 year grade rate index as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 4.31%. The discount rate was 2.12% as of the prior measurement date.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Plan Description - The County's defined benefit OPEB plan, Colorado County Retiree Health Care Plan (CCRHCP), provides medical benefits to plan members of the County. CCRHCP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the County. Local Government Code Section 157.101 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to Commissioners' Court. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided - Plan participants are full-time regular employees who, at the time they leave County employment, are:

- 1. Eligible for retirement benefits under Texas County and District Retirement guidelines, and
- 2. Have a total of 20 years of service with the County, of which at least 8 years are continuous service, and
- 3. Are covered under the County group health insurance program at the time of the separation, and
- 4. Are not Medicare eligible.

Coverage for dependents who are not Medicare eligible and who are participants in the County's group health insurance plan at the time of the employee's separation may also be continued. In the event of the retiree's death, covered dependents may continue coverage until they become Medicare eligible provided they make required premium payments on a timely basis. Dental and life insurance benefits are also available to the retiree at the retiree's cost. The life insurance benefit is a level \$10,000. Any dependent coverage the retiree may have will be at the retiree's cost.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of December 31, 2024:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>161</u>
	<u> </u>

Contributions - Local Government Code Section 157.102 assigns to Commissioners' Court the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the plan members. The County may contribute all, part of, or none of the premium payment. The County's contribution, if any, will be determined annually by Commissioners' Court during the County budget process and will be effective on a fiscal year basis. The County does not contribute toward the cost of coverage for retirees who do not meet the eligibility requirements. The County pays no more for retiree healthcare than the premium it pays for active employees for each rate tier structure (retiree only, retiree + spouse, retiree + child, retiree + children, retiree + family).

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the total benefit payments made to the plan was \$ 25,662.

Total OPEB Liability - The County's total OPEB liability of \$ 409,400 was measured as of December 31, 2024 utilizing the actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2024.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age
Discount rate	4.28%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50%
Health care trend rates	Level 4.50%

The RP-2014 Total Mortality Tables are used with the ultimate rates of Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2024 valuation were based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2017, as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System.

Discount Rate - For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on S&P municipal bond 20 year grade rate index as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 4.28%. The discount rate was 4.31% as of the prior measurement date.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability - The changes in the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	 Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 12,499 8,495 214,895 1,745 (25,662)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2023	 211,972 197,428
Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2024	\$ 409,400

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 4.28%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (3.28%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.28%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease In		1%	Increase In	
		count Rate (3.28%)	 count Rate (4.28%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	474,668	\$ 409,400	\$	356,835	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 4.50%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate of 1 percentage-point lower (3.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current rate:

	Tre	ecrease In nd Rate 3.50%)	•	Trend Rate (4.50%)	Increase Ir rend Rate (5.50%)	n -
Total OPEB liability	\$	390,222	\$	409,400	\$ 432,832	2
OPEB Expense:						r ended -31-23
Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual exper Changes in assumptions or other inputs	ience				\$	12,499 8,495 31,943 (6,467)
OPEB expense					\$	46,470

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At December 31, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe Outflo Resou	ws of	Inflo	erred ws of ources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 21 	0,264 1,515		5,143 22,737
Totals	\$ <u>21</u>	1,779	\$	<u>27,880</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

The County did not have any contributions subsequent to the measurement date due to the measurement date and the date of this report both ending as of December 31, 2024.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,		
2025	\$ 25,476	3
2026	25,947	7
2027	29,397	7
2028	29,154	1
2029	28,543	3
Thereafter	45,382	2

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

The County is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Such lawsuits include various civil claims that are currently between the stages of discovery and pleadings. The outcome of these lawsuits and other claims are not presently determinable and the resolutions of these matters are not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

NOTE 11 - GRANTS, ENTITLEMENTS AND SHARED REVENUES

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the County applied for and received federal and state grants related to various activities. The operations of these grants are reported in the general fund and various special revenue funds. For the most part, these grants are reimbursement type grants, therefore, revenues equal expenditures. Grant revenues are classified as intergovernmental revenues. The federal financial assistance programs are covered by the requirements of the Single Audit Act and the Uniform Guidance.

The state financial assistance programs are covered by the State of Texas Single Audit Circular (Texas Grant Management Standards). A single audit was performed on the federal financial assistance programs as the federal financial assistance programs met the \$750,000 threshold, while the state financial assistance programs did not.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, business interruption, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, employee health benefits and other claims of various natures. The County participates in the Texas Association of Counties Intergovernmental Risk Pool (the "Pool") which provides protection for risks of loss. Premiums are paid to the Pool which retains the risk of loss beyond the County's policy deductibles. Any losses reported from unsettled or incurred but not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the County's basic financial statement. For the year ended December 31, 2024, there were no significant reductions of insurance coverage or insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage. Any losses reported but unsettled or incurred and not reported are believed to be insignificant to the County's basic financial statements.

NOTE 13 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through June 25, 2025, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASSchedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change In Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Budgeted	۸mc	nunte		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	AIIIC	Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	12,517,500 3,690,400 37,500 2,746,250 618,000 600,000 122,800	\$	12,517,500 685,400 37,500 2,801,250 618,000 950,000 122,800	\$	13,618,125 533,155 38,177 3,287,173 568,134 750,825 290,104	\$	1,100,625 (152,245) 677 485,923 (49,866) (199,175) 167,304
Total revenues		20,332,450	_	17,732,450	_	19,085,693	_	1,353,243
Expenditures: Current: General administration Financial administration Judicial Public safety Public facilities Conservation Health and welfare Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	3,262,191 900,606 2,493,527 12,798,639 672,539 131,679 614,334 835,500		3,262,191 900,606 2,493,527 9,798,639 672,539 131,679 614,334 1,235,500	_	2,751,834 752,534 2,207,924 10,743,268 613,996 117,630 462,113 1,157,116 52,196 18,858,611	-	510,357 148,072 285,603 (944,629) 58,543 14,049 152,221 78,384 (52,196) 250,404
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	_	(70,000)		(70,000)	_	(88,990)	_	(18,990)
Total other financing uses		(70,000)	_	(70,000)	_	(88,990)	_	(18,990)
Change in fund balance		(1,446,565)		(1,446,565)		138,092		1,584,657
Fund balance - beginning	_	8,368,474		8,368,474	_	8,368,474	_	
Fund balance - ending	\$	6,921,909	\$	6,921,909	\$_	8,506,566	\$_	1,584,657

Texas County and District Retirement System
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios
For the Last Ten Measurement Years Ended December 31,

	2023		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes	\$ 1,100,390 3,333,940 311,712	\$	1,071,763 3,156,998	\$	1,003,528 S 2,867,237 1,473,293	\$	892,782 2,676,791
Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	- (574,009) (1,924,544)		- (144,998) (1,648,930)	_	(142,685) 88,107 (1,444,954)		2,049,694 244,044 (1,147,271)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,247,489		2,434,833		3,844,526		4,716,040
Total Pension Liability - beginning	 43,711,887	_	41,277,054	_	37,432,528		32,716,488
Total Pension Liability - ending (a)	\$ 45,959,376	\$_	43,711,887	\$_	41,277,054	\$	37,432,528
Fiduciary Net Position: Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$ 1,140,942 614,355 4,445,109 (1,924,544) (23,352) 7,757		1,099,791 583,227 (2,519,540) (1,648,930) (23,711) 40,674		937,164 5 546,685 7,730,337 (1,444,954) (23,226) 10,788	.	928,353 541,545 3,265,027 (1,147,271) (25,737) 12,679
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	4,260,267		(2,468,489)		7,756,794		3,574,596
Fiduciary Net Position - beginning	 40,461,700	_	42,930,189	_	35,173,395		31,598,799
Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	\$ 44,721,967	\$_	40,461,700	\$_	42,930,189	\$	35,173,395
Net Pension Liability/(Asset), ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,237,409	\$_	3,250,187	\$_	(1,653,135)	\$	2,259,133
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	97.31%		92.56%		104.00%		93.96%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 8,776,499	\$	8,331,813	\$	7,809,779	\$	7,736,362
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.10%		39.01%		(21.17%)		29.20%

2019		2018	 2017	2016	 2015	2014
\$ 875,414 2,477,862 151,471	\$	843,016 2,320,499 - -	\$ 853,142 2,170,299 - 140,390	\$ 836,962 1,979,662 - -	\$ 773,517 1,840,828 67,051 259,033	\$ 761,630 1,710,490 - -
55,941 (1,097,969)	_	(184,870) (1,039,762)	(304,240) (952,208)	 (5,710) (850,145)	(321,956) (704,127)	 (378,403) (598,520)
2,462,719		1,938,883	1,907,383	1,960,769	1,914,346	1,495,197
 30,253,769		28,314,886	 26,407,503	24,446,734	 22,532,388	 21,037,191
\$ 32,716,488	\$	30,253,769	\$ 28,314,886	\$ 26,407,503	\$ 24,446,734	\$ 22,532,388
\$ 906,348 528,707 4,410,498 (1,097,969) (24,079) 15,943		857,019 499,932 (500,431) (1,039,762) (21,574) 12,168	823,098 480,145 3,407,625 (952,208) (17,990) 4,534	774,297 451,679 1,574,645 (850,145) (17,101) 141,090	\$ 743,592 432,322 (144.583) (704,127) (15,190) (14.179)	697,017 402,904 1,312,625 (598,520) (15,490) (116.887)
4,739,448		(192,648)	3,745,204	2,074,465	297,835	1,681,649
26,859,351		27,051,999	23,306,795	21,232,330	20,934,495	19,252,846
\$ 31,598,799	\$	26,859,351	\$ 27,051,999	\$ 23,306,795	\$ 21,232,330	\$ 20,934,495
\$ 1,117,689	\$	3,394,418	\$ 1,262,887	\$ 3,100,708	\$ 3,214,404	\$ 1,597,893
96.58%		88.78%	95.54%	88.26%	86.85%	92.91%
\$ 7,552,964	\$	7,141,886	\$ 6,859,208	\$ 6,452,554	\$ 6,176,023	\$ 5,755,766
14.80%		47.53%	18.41%	48.05%	52.05%	27.76%

Texas County and District Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Ten Years Ended December 31,

	De	ctuarially termined tribution ⁽¹⁾	Е	Actual mployer tribution ⁽¹⁾	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	F	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actu Contrib as a % Covered	ution 6 of
2015	\$	743,592	\$	743,592	\$ -	\$	6,176,023		12.0%
2016		766,563		774,297	(7,734)		6,452,554		12.0%
2017		790,181		823,098	(32,917)		6,859,208		12.0%
2018		812,747		857,019	(44,272)		7,141,866		12.0%
2019		824,028		906,507	(82,479)		7,552,964		12.0%
2020		849,453		928,353	(78,900)		7,736,362		12.0%
2021		857,514		937,174	(79,660)		7,809,778		12.0%
2022		1,099,799		1,099,799	-		8,331,813		13.2%
2023		1,087,408		1,140,945	(53,537)		8,776,499		13.0%
2024		1,227,003		1,287,412	(60,409)		9,903,171		13.0%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.



Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Colorado County Retiree Health Care Plan For the Last Ten Measurement Years Ended December 31,

Total ODED liability		2024	_	2023		2022	_	2021
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experiences Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	\$	12,499 8,495 214,895 1,745 (25,662)	\$	12,499 8,541 - - (18,542)	\$	18,447 4,120 42,783 (37,048) (18,542)	\$_	18,447 3,844 - - -
Net change in total OPEB liability		211,972		2,498		9,760		22,291
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	197,428	_	194,930	_	185,170	_	162,879
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	409,400	\$_	197,428	\$_	194,930	\$_	185,170
Covered-employee payroll	\$	8,085,362	\$_	6,752,177	\$_	6,752,177	\$_	6,199,266
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	_	<u>5.06</u> %	=	2.92%	, 0 =	2.89%) =	2.99%

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

Notes to schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 67/68, they should not be shown here. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

2020	2019	<u> </u>	2018
\$ 14,978 7,477 (18,828 (8,148)	-,978 \$ -,003 - - -	14,388 5,767 - -
(4,521) 20	,981	20,155
167,400	146	<u>,419</u>	126,264
\$ <u>162,879</u>	\$ <u>167</u>	<u>,400</u> \$	146,419
\$ <u>6,199,266</u>	\$ <u>5,857</u>	<u>,109</u> \$	5,857,109
2.63	%	2.86%	2.50%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in

which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates (December 31, 2021 valuation for

2023 contributions):

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 10.3 years (based on contribution rate calculated in

12/31/2023 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career

including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses,

including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are

assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent

retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and

120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale

after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and

Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumption were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumption were reflected.

2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions

Schedule of

Employer Contributions*

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2016: Employer contributions reflect that a 30% CPI COLA was adopted.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits

earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2020: Employer contributions reflect that 2% flat COLA was adopted.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedules.

2022: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching

rate was increased to 200%.

2023: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedules.

^{*} Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

County Attorney Forfeiture Fund - This fund is used to account for forfeitures awarded as part of Article 59.06 of the code of Criminal Procedures and may be disbursed solely for expenditures of office.

Records Preservation Fund - This fund is used to account for the records management and preservation fee received by the County Clerk. Funds generated from this fee may only be used for special records preservation and automation projects.

Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the County's revenues (user fees and fuel commissions) and expenditures related to the maintenance of the Robert R. Wells, Jr. Airport.

Sheriff Forfeiture Fund - This fund is used to account for forfeitures awarded as part of Article 59.06 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedures and may be disbursed solely for expenditures of law enforcement purposes.

Colorado County Fairgrounds Fund - This fund is used to account for the County's revenues and expenditures related to the operation and maintenance of the County fairgrounds.

Community Development Fund - This fund is used to account for the Community Development Block Grant received through the Texas General Land Office.

Road & Bridge Precinct Number 1 Fund - This fund is used to account for the County's revenues and expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges within the County's precinct #1.

Road & Bridge Precinct Number 2 Fund - This fund is used to account for the County's revenues and expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges within the County's precinct #2.

Road & Bridge Precinct Number 3 Fund - This fund is used to account for the County's revenues and expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges within the County's precinct #3.

Road & Bridge Precinct Number 4 Fund - This fund is used to account for the County's revenues and expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges within the County's precinct #4.

Election Services Contract Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the costs to conduct and supervise a political subdivision's election.

LEOSE Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the continuing education of licensed individuals under Chapter 1701 of the Occupations Code.

Security Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to improving and maintaining courtroom and general courthouse security.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Law Library Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the maintenance of a library for use by members of the Texas Bar Association.

Justice Court Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the purchase and maintenance of technology enhancements for justice courts.

County and District Court Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the purchase of technology enhancements for County and District Courts.

Historical Commission Fund - This fund is used to account for programs conducted to preserve the historical heritage of the County.

Hot Check Fund - This fund is used to account for "hot check" fees received by the County Attorney and County Clerk.

County Attorney Salary Supplemental Fund - This fund is used to account for state source revenues used to supplement salaries and other expenditures of the County Attorney's office.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources from governmental resources and the payments of general obligation debt principal, interest and related costs.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted to the payments of principal and interest expenditures.

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2024

						Special
	_	County Attorney Forfeiture Fund	_	Records Preservation Fund		Airport Fund
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes	\$	364,017	\$	1,030,645	\$	220,863
Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid expenditures	_	- - -	_	- - 500		- - -
Total assets	\$ ₌	364,017	\$_	1,031,145	\$_	220,863
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance: Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds	\$ _	1,130	\$ _	162 	\$	318
Total liabilities	_	1,130	_	162	_	318
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	<u>-</u>	_			
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Committed		362,887 -		500 1,030,483		- - 220,545
Total fund balance	_	362,887		1,030,983		220,545
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ ₌	364,017	\$_	1,031,145	\$	220,863

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<u>110</u>	Sheriff Forfeiture Fund		Colorado County Fairgrounds Fund		Community Development Fund		Road & Bridge Precinct Number 1 Fund	_	Road & Bridge Precinct Number 2 Fund		Road & Bridge Precinct Number 3 Fund
\$	22,784	\$	4,083	\$	108,142	\$	2,158,392	\$	1,760,735	\$	2,579,705
	- - -		- - -		- 181,814 - -		755,751 168,096 57,047		763,652 169,853 50,845		878,964 195,501 35,632
\$	22,784	\$_	4,083	\$ <u>_</u>	289,956	\$_	3,139,286	\$	2,745,085	\$_	3,689,802
\$_	- -	\$_	614	\$	109,814 180,142	\$_	22,949	\$	13,567	\$_	19,742
_		_	614	_	289,956	_	22,949	•	13,567	_	19,742
		_		_		_	1,100,785		1,112,293	_	1,280,249
		_		-		_	1,100,785		1,112,293	_	1,280,249
	- 22,784		- 3,469		-		57,047		50,845		35,632
_		_		_	<u>-</u>	_	1,958,505		1,568,380	_	2,354,17 <u>9</u>
_	22,784	_	3,469	_		_	2,015,552	•	1,619,225	_	2,389,811
\$	22,784	\$ ₌	4,083	\$_	289,956	\$_	3,139,286	\$	2,745,085	\$	3,689,802

(Continued)

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2024

						Special
	_	Road & Bridge Precinct Number 4 Fund		Election Services Contract Fund		LEOSE Fund
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid expenditures	\$	2,027,811 625,886 139,211 24,507	\$	5,852 - - - -	\$	44,599
Total assets	\$	2,817,415	\$	5,852	\$	44,599
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds	\$	9,074 -	\$	- -	\$	- -
Total liabilities	_	9,074	_	<u>-</u>	_	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources Total deferred inflows of resources	_	911,631 911,631	_		_	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	_	24,507 - 1,872,203	_	- 5,852 -	_	- 44,599 -
Total fund balance	_	1,896,710		5,852	_	44,599
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	2,817,415	\$	5,852	\$	44,599

Re	/er	1116	F	un	ds

	Security Fund		Law Library Fund		Justice Court Technology Fund		County and District Court Technology Fund		Historical Commission Fund		Hot Check Fund
\$	37,921	\$	163,611	\$	15,078	\$	41,039	\$	7,078	\$	11,255
	-		-		-		-		-		-
_	- - -		- - -	_	- - 6,188	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -
\$	37,921	\$	163,611	\$_	21,266	\$	41,039	\$_	7,078	\$_	11,255
\$	-	\$	166	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
_			166	_		_	_	-	_	_	
			-	_				_	-	_	
				_			-	_		_	
_	- 37,921 -	_	163,445 	_	6,188 15,078	_	41,039 	_	- - 7,078	_	- 11,255 -
_	37,921	_	163,445	_	21,266	_	41,039	_	7,078	_	11,255
\$	37,921	\$	163,611	\$_	21,266	\$	41,039	\$_	7,078	\$	11,255

(Continued)

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2024

	_	County Attorney Salary Supplemental Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund
Assets:						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	6,512	\$	10,610,122	\$	307,648
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				0.004.050		100.050
Taxes		-		3,024,253		422,658
Due from other governments		-		854,475		97,300
Inventories		-		168,031		-
Prepaid expenditures	_		_	6,688	_	<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$_	6,512	\$	14,663,569	\$_	827,606
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance: Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	645	\$	178,181	\$	_
Due to other funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	180,142	Ψ	_
Buo to other fundo	_			100,112	_	
Total liabilities	_	645	_	358,323	_	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows of resources		-		4,404,958		618,390
	_			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	<u>-</u>	_	4,404,958	_	618,390
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		-		174,719		_
Restricted		5,867		1,744,679		209,216
Unassigned	_	<u> </u>		7,980,890	_	
Total fund balance	_	5,867		9,900,288	_	209,216
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$_	6,512	\$	14,663,569	\$_	827,606

_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	10,917,770
_	3,446,911 951,775 168,031 6,688
\$ <u>_</u>	15,491,175
\$	178,181 180,142
_	358,323
_	5,023,348
_	5,023,348
_	174,719 1,953,895 7,980,890 10,109,504

15,491,175

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change In Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

				Special
	_	County Attorney Forfeiture Fund	Records Preservation Fund	Airport <u>Fund</u>
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - 100,000
Licenses and permits Charges for services		-	107,783	152,698
Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous	_	37,638 19,466	57,424 	10,977
Total revenues		57,104	165,207	263,675
Expenditures: Current: General administration Judicial		- 6,397	24,341	- -
Public safety Public facilities Public transportation Capital outlay Debt service:		- - -	- - -	- 162,115 9,994
Principal Interest and fiscal charges		- -	<u> </u>	-
Total expenditures		6,397	24,341	172,109
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		50,707	140,866	91,566
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	_	- -		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>	_	-
Net change in fund balance		50,707	140,866	91,566
Fund balance - beginning		312,180	890,117	128,979
Fund balance - ending	\$	362,887	\$1,030,983	\$\$

Re	venue Funds								
	Sheriff Forfeiture Fund	Colorado County Fairgrounds Fund	Community Development Fund		Road & Bridge Precinct Number 1 Fund		Road & Bridge Precinct Number 2 Fund	_	Road & Bridge Precinct Number 3 Fund
\$	- -	\$ - - -	\$ - 358,814	\$	1,058,708 8,054 204,646	\$	1,069,769 8,054 201,619	\$	1,231,323 8,054 232,004
	-	32,340	-		-		-		-
	2,066	477 	- - -		134,394 18,919	_	121,097 26,106	_	158,320 15,417
_	2,066	32,817	358,814	_	1,424,721	_	1,426,645	_	1,645,118
	-	62,823	358,814		-		-		-
	10,518	-	- -		-		-		-
	- - -	- - -	- - -		893,120 169,848		855,167 395,788		1,044,439 303,697
_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		- 	_	- -	_	-
_	10,518	62,823	358,814		1,062,968	_	1,250,955	_	1,348,136
_	(8,452)	(30,006)			361,753	_	175,690	_	296,982
_	- -	18,990			- -	_	- -	_	
_		18,990					<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
	(8,452)	(11,016)	-		361,753		175,690		296,982
_	31,236	14,485			1,653,799	_	1,443,535	_	2,092,829
\$	22,784	\$3,469	\$	\$	2,015,552	\$_	1,619,225	\$_	2,389,811

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change In Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

					Special
	_	Road & Bridge Precinct Number 4 Fund	Election Services Contract Fund	LEO Fur	SE
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$	876,767 11,431 173,533	\$ 12,542 		9,202 - -
Investment income Miscellaneous	_	112,463 7,187	694 		2,503
Total revenues	_	1,181,381	26,038		11,705
Expenditures: Current: General administration		-	48,223		-
Judicial Public safety Public facilities Public transportation Capital outlay		- - 778,354 58,443	- - - -		761 - -
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	_	-			- -
Total expenditures		836,797	48,223		761
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		344,584	(22,185)	10,944
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		- -			- -
Total other financing sources (uses)		_			
Net change in fund balance		344,584	(22,185)	10,944
Fund balance - beginning	_	1,552,126	28,037		33,655
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,896,710	\$5,852	\$	44,599

ixeve	nue Funds	Law	Justice Court	County and District Court	Historical	Hot
	Security Fund	Library Fund	Technology Fund	Technology Fund	Commission Fund	Check Fund
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -
	18,726	13,043	- 7,695	- 2,294	-	- 150
	1,536 -	- - -	954 	2,318 	388	- - -
	20,262	13,043	8,649	4,612	388	150
	- - 64,578	- 1,996 -	- 3,385 -	- - -	- -	- 701 -
	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
	- -	- -	_ 	- -	- -	_
	64,578	1,996	3,385			701
	(44,316)	11,047	5,264	4,612	388	(551)
	70,000		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	70,000					
	25,684	11,047	5,264	4,612	388	(551)
	12,237	152,398	16,002	36,427	6,690	11,806
\$	37,921	\$163,445	\$	\$41,039	\$	\$ <u>11,255</u>

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change In Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	_	County Attorney Salary Supplemental Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	4,236,567	\$	629,833
Intergovernmental		27,500		543,651		-
Licenses and permits		-		811,802		-
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		-		347,531		-
Investment income		-		37,638		24 740
		-		624,689		31,710
Miscellaneous	-			68,017	_	-
Total revenues	_	27,500		6,669,895	_	661,543
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General administration		-		494,201		_
Judicial		30,676		43,155		-
Public safety		-		75,857		_
Public facilities		-		, -		-
Public transportation		-		3,733,195		-
Capital outlay		-		937,770		-
Debt service:						
Principal		-		-		545,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-			_	80,629
Total expenditures	_	30,676		5,284,178	_	625,629
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	_	(3,176))	1,385,717	_	35,914
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		-		88,990		_
Transfers out	_	<u>-</u>			_	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	<u>-</u>		88,990		
Net change in fund balance		(3,176))	1,474,707		35,914
Fund balance - beginning	_	9,043		8,425,581		173,302
Fund balance - ending	\$_	5,867	\$	9,900,288	\$	209,216

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	4,866,400 543,651 811,802 347,531 37,638 656,399 68,017
_	7,331,438
	494,201 43,155 75,857
	3,733,195 937,770
_	545,000 80,629
_	5,909,807
_	1,421,631
_	88,990 -
_	88,990
	1,510,621
=	8,598,883

10,109,504

		Budgeted	4 1	Δ mounts		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original	<u>u /</u>	Final		Amounts		(Negative)
General Administration:		Origina.		Titosi		7 anodino		(110gaaro)
County Judge:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	222,013			\$	221,889	\$	124
Operating expenditures		11,210		11,210		7,865		3,345
Capital outlay expenditures		2,500		2,500	_	5,694	_	(3,194)
Total County Judge		235,723		235,723	_	235,448	_	275
Commissioners' Court:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		462,659		462,659		434,647		28,012
Operating expenditures	-	1,066,500		1,066,500	_	943,287	_	123,213
Total Commissioners' Court		1,529,159		1,529,159	_	1,377,934	_	151,225
County Clerk:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		377,198		377,198		317,201		59,997
Operating expenditures		99,000		99,000		54,564		44,436
Capital outlay expenditures		25,000		25,000	_	<u> </u>	_	25,000
Total County Clerk		501,198		501,198	_	371,765	_	129,433
Elections:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		126,737		126,737		115,136		11,601
Operating expenditures		159,650		159,650	_	119,809		39,841
Total Elections		286,387		286,387	_	234,945	_	51,442
Veteran Service Officer:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		28,629		28,629		20,641		7,988
Operating expenditures		3,000		3,000	_	2,794		206
Total Veteran Service Officer		31,629		31,629	_	23,435	_	8,194
Information Technology:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		133,095		133,095		89,032		44,063
Operating expenditures		266,000		266,000		301,032		(35,032)
Capital outlay expenditures		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Total Information Technology		400,095		400,095		390,064		10,031
Nondepartmental:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		16,500		16,500		25,975		(9,475)
Operating expenditures		290,000		290,000	_	97,962	_	192,038
Total Nondepartmental	_	306,500		306,500	_	123,937		182,563
Total General Administration		3,290,691		3,290,691	_	2,757,528		533,163
								(Continued)

(Continued)

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

	Rudgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Financial Administration: County Auditor:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$ 404,522	\$ 404,522	\$ 291,772	\$ 112,750
Operating expenditures	11,100	11,100	9,511	1,589
Capital outlay expenditures	2,000	2,000	_	2,000
Total County Auditor	417,622	417,622	301,283	116,339
County Treasurer:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	88,396	88,396	88,659	, ,
Operating expenditures	7,500	7,500	6,742	758
Capital outlay expenditures	1,500	1,500		1,500
Total County Treasurer	97,396	97,396	95,401	1,995
Tax Assessor - Collector:	270 020	270 020	242 502	26.245
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	378,838	378,838	342,593	36,245
Operating expenditures	10,250	10,250	13,257	(3,007)
Capital outlay expenditures	1,500	1,500		1,500
Total Tax Assessor - Collector	390,588	390,588	355,850	34,738
Total Financial Administration	905,606	905,606	752,534	<u> 153,072</u>
Judicial: County Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	_	_	1,614	(1,614)
Operating expenditures	32,000	32,000	10,910	21,090
Total County Court	32,000	32,000	12,524	19,476
Public Defender:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	250,255	250,255	250,226	29
Operating expenditures	29,900	29,900	21,545	8,35 <u>5</u>
Total Public Defender	280,155	280,155	271,771	8,384
25th Judicial District: Operating expenditures	28,568	28,568	25,437	3,131
Total 25th Judicial District	28,568	28,568	25,437	3,131
2 nd 25 th Judicial District: Operating expenditures	28,568	28,568	24,350	4,218
Total 2nd 25th Judicial District	28,568	28,568	24,350	4,218
District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	-	-	10,077	(10,077)
Operating expenditures	93,350	93,350	154,803	(61,453)
Total District Court	93,350	93,350	164,880	(71,530)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Judicial - Continued: District Clerk:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$ 230,039			\$ 723
Operating expenditures	291,000	291,000	224,636	66,364
Capital outlay expenditures	5,000	5,000	_	5,000
Total District Clerk	526,039	526,039	453,952	72,087
Justice of the Peace Number 1:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	187,747	187,747	176,165	11,582
Operating expenditures	11,000	11,000	14,215	(3,215)
Capital outlay expenditures	2,000	2,000		2,000
Total Justice of the Peace Number 1	200,747	200,747	190,380	10,367
Justice of the Peace Number 2:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	178,181	178,181	176,163	2,018
Operating expenditures	14,500	14,500	14,392	108
Capital outlay expenditures	2,000	2,000	_	2,000
Total Justice of the Peace Number 2	194,681	194,681	190,555	4,126
Justice of the Peace Number 3:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	175,590	175,590	163,919	11,671
Operating expenditures	10,750	10,750	9,874	876
Capital outlay expenditures	2,000	2,000	_	2,000
Total Justice of the Peace Number 3	188,340	188,340	173,793	14,547
Justice of the Peace Number 4:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	157,842	157,842	153,166	4,676
Operating expenditures	18,475	18,475	18,803	(328)
Capital outlay expenditures	2,000	2,000		2,000
Total Justice of the Peace Number 4	178,317	178,317	171,969	6,348
County Attorney:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	543,262	543,262	489,802	53,460
Operating expenditures	212,500	212,500	38,511	173,989
Total County Attorney	755,762	755,762	528,313	227,449
Total Judicial	2,506,527	2,506,527	2,207,924	298,603
Public Safety:				
Emergency Management:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	98,806	98,806	98,085	721
Operating expenditures	3,070,000	70,000	317,809	(247,809)
Capital outlay expenditures	61,000	411,000	<u> </u>	411,000
Total Emergency Management	3,229,806	579,806	415,894	163,912
				(Continued)

	Rudgeter	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
-	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Public Safety - Continued: EMS Director/Ambulance:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits \$	2,551,338			\$ (459,441)
Operating expenditures	446,500	446,500		(201,561)
Capital outlay expenditures Debt service expenditures	230,000	280,000	396,085 52,196	(116,085) (52,196)
Total EMS Director/Ambulance	3,227,838	3,277,838	4,107,121	(829,283)
Constable Precinct #1:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	38,593	38,593		721
Operating expenditures	2,300	2,300	4,924	(2,624)
Total Constable Precinct #1	40,893	40,893	42,796	(1,903)
Constable Precinct #2:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	38,593	38,593	•	1,899
Operating expenditures	3,800	3,800		(3,515)
Total Constable Precinct #2	42,393	42,393	44,009	(1,616)
Constable Precinct #3:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	38,593	38,593	•	1,849
Operating expenditures	2,300	2,300	1,480	820
Total Constable Precinct #3	40,893	40,893	38,224	2,669
Constable Precinct #4:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	38,593	38,593		772
Operating expenditures	1,350	1,350	472	<u>878</u>
Total Constable Precinct #4	39,943	39,943	38,293	1,650
911 Rural Addressing:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	139,655	139,655		2,265
Operating expenditures	24,500	24,500	11,651	12,849
Total 911 Rural Addressing	164,155	164,155	149,041	<u> 15,114</u>
County Sheriff:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	2,924,494	2,924,494		28,154
Capital outlay expenditures	785,250	785,250		(88,910)
Operating expenditures	485,000	485,000	594,946	(109,946)
Total County Sheriff	4,194,744	4,194,744	4,365,446	(170,702)
Operation of Jail:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	1,560,387	1,560,387		137,325
Operating expenditures	697,250	697,250		(205,635)
Capital outlay expenditures	5,000	5,000	13,925	(8,925)
Total Operation of Jail	2,262,637	2,262,637	2,339,872	(77,235)
				(Continued)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Public Safety: Correction - Probation Juvenile: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$ 15,081			,	
Operating expenditures	260,000	260,000	185,088	74 912	
Total Correction - Probation Juvenile	275,081	275,081	200,658	74,423	
Department of Public Safety: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	58,256 3,000	58,256 3,000	57,544 	712 1,478	
Total Department of Public Safety	61,256	61,256	59,066	2,190	
Total Public Safety	13,579,639	10,979,639	11,800,420	(820,781)	
Public Facilities: Courthouse Building: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	241,539 431,000	241,539 431,000	213,968 400,028	27,571 30,972	
Capital outlay expenditures	5,000	5,000	146,466	(141,466)	
Total Courthouse Building	677,539	677,539	760,462	(82,923)	
Total Public Facilities	677,539	677,539	760,462	(82,923)	
Conservation: Agriculture Extension Service: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	103,129 28,550 2,000	103,129 28,550 2,000	98,995 18,635 	4,134 9,915 2,000	
Total Agriculture Extension Service	133,679	133,679	117,630	16,049	
Total Conservation	133,679	133,679	117,630	16,049	
Health and Welfare: Parks and Recreation: Operating expenditures			1,600	900	
, ,				<u> </u>	
Total Parks and Recreation	2,500	2,500	1,600	900	
Septic System - Flood Plain: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	36,143 9,000 500	36,143 9,000 500	38,465 4,534 	(2,322) 4,466 500	
Total Septic System - Flood Plain	45,643	45,643	42,999	2,644	
Mental Health and Alcohol: Operating expenditures	19,180	19,180	15,030	4,150	
Total Mental Health and Alcohol	19,180	19,180		4,150	
		,100		.,	

	_	Budgeted Original	l Am	nounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Health and Welfare - Continued: Contract Services:								
Operating expenditures	\$	174,380	\$_	174,380	\$	310,258	\$_	(135,878)
Total Contract Services		174,380	_	174,380	_	310,258	_	(135,878)
Indigent Health Care:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		21,631		21,631		19,181		2,450
Operating expenditures		351,500		351,500		73,045		278,455
Capital outlay expenditures		500	_	500		<u>-</u>	_	500
Total Indigent Health Care	_	373,631	_	373,631	_	92,226	_	281,405
Total Health and Welfare	_	615,334	_	615,334	_	462,113	_	153,221
Total Expenditures	\$	21,709,015	\$_	19,109,015	\$	18,858,611	\$_	250,404

Exhibit 14

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund Legal Level of Budgetary Control For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Revenues:	Budge Original	ted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes	\$ 617,19	95 \$ 617,195	\$ 629,833	\$ 12,638
Investment income	10,00		31,710	21,710
Total revenues	627,19	95 627,195	661,543	34,348
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal	545,00	00 545,000	545,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	89,25	<u>89,250</u>	80,629	8,621
Total expenditures	634,25	634,250	625,629	8,621
Change in fund balance	(7,05	55) (7,055) 35,914	42,969
Fund balance - beginning	173,30	02 173,302	173,302	-
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>166,2</u> 4	<u>17</u> \$ <u>166,247</u>	\$	\$ <u>42,969</u>



		servation Fund		
D	Budgete Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	134,300		107,783	(26,517)
Investment income	20,000		57,424	37,424
Total revenues	154,300	154,300	165,207	10 907
Expenditures: General Administration: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Public Transportation:	143,000	143,000	15,553 8,788	(15,553) 134,212
Operating expenditures	•	-	-	-
Capital outlay expenditures	- <u> </u>	: -	-	_
Total expenditures	143,000	143,000	24,341	118,659
Change in fund balance	11,300	11,300	140,866	129,566
Fund balance - beginning	890,117	890,117	890,117	-
Fund balance - ending	\$901,417	\$901,417	\$1,030,983	\$129,566

		Airpor	t Fu	nd		
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	F	ariance With inal Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ _	25,000 113,000 3,000	\$ 25,000 113,000 3,000	\$	100,000 152,698 10,977	\$	75,000 39,698 7,977
_	141,000	141,000	_	263,675		<u>122,675</u>
	-	-		-		-
_	89,000 50,000	89,000 50,000	_	162,115 9,994	_	(73,115) 40,006
	139,000	139,000	_	172,109		(33,109)
	2,000	2,000		91,566		89,566
_	128,979	128,979	_	128,979		<u>-</u>
\$	130,979	\$ 130,979	\$_	220,545	\$	89,566

(Continued)

			Road	I & Bridge Pred	inct	Number 1 Fund	l		
		Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	1,040,741 7,447 200,988 50,000 6,250	\$	1,040,741 7,447 200,988 50,000 6,250	\$	1,058,708 8,054 204,646 134,394 18,919	\$	17,967 607 3,658 84,394 12,669	
Total revenues		1,305,426	_	1,305,426	_	1,424,721	_	119,295	
Expenditures: Public Transportation: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	_	584,044 364,050 280,000		584,044 364,050 280,000	_	507,902 385,218 169,848	_	76,142 (21,168) 110,152	
Total expenditures	_	1,228,094	_	1,228,094	_	1,062,968	_	165,12 <u>6</u>	
Change in fund balance		77,332		77,332		361,753		284,421	
Fund balances - beginning	_	1,653,799		1,653,799	_	1,653,799	_		
Fund balances - ending	\$ <u></u>	1,731,131	\$	1,731,131	\$_	2,015,552	\$_	284,421	

		Road	& Bridge Prec	inct	Number 2 Fund					
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$ 	1,051,892 7,524 206,300 25,000 8,454 1,299,170		1,051,892 7,524 206,300 25,000 8,454 1,299,170	\$	1,069,769 8,054 201,619 121,097 26,106 1,426,645	\$	17,877 530 (4,681) 96,097 17,652 127,475			
_	541,221 492,260 365,000 1,398,481 (99,311) 1,443,535		541,221 492,260 365,000 1,398,481 (99,311) 1,443,535	_	458,865 396,302 395,788 1,250,955 175,690 1,443,535		82,356 95,958 (30,788) 147,526 275,001			

\$<u>1,344,224</u> \$<u>1,344,224</u> \$<u>1,619,225</u> \$<u>275,001</u>

(Continued)

		l						
	_		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	•	4 040 070	Φ.	4 040 070	•	4 004 000	•	00.054
Taxes	\$	1,210,972 8,660	\$	1,210,972 8,660	\$	1,231,323 8,054	\$	20,351
Intergovernmental Licenses and permits		237,872		237,872		232,004		(606) (5,868)
Investment income		30,000		30,000		158,320		128,320
Miscellaneous		3,726		3,726	_	15,417	_	11,691
Total revenues		1,491,230		1,491,230	_	1,645,118	_	153,888
Expenditures: Public Transportation:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		585,103		585,103		584,481		622
Operating expenditures		499,950		499,950		459,958		39,992
Capital outlay expenditures		335,000	_	335,000	_	303,697	-	31,303
Total expenditures		1,420,053		1,420,053	_	1,348,136	_	71,917
Change in fund balance		71,177		71,177		296,982		225,805
Fund balances - beginning		2,092,829		2,092,829	_	2,092,829	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,164,006	\$	2,164,006	\$_	2,389,811	\$_	225,805

Road & I	Bridge Pi	recinct i	Number	4 Fund

Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$	861,495 9,669 159,800 40,000 4,535	\$	861,495 9,669 159,800 40,000 4,535	\$	876,767 11,431 173,533 112,463 7,187	\$	15,272 1,762 13,733 72,463 2,652		
	1,075,499		1,075,499	_	1,181,381	_	105,882		
	503,548 350,450 275,000		503,548 350,450 275,000	_	488,743 289,611 58,443	_	14,805 60,839 216,557		
	1,128,998 (53,499)		1,128,998 (53,499)	_	836,797 344,584	_	292,201 398,083		
	1,552,126		1,552,126	-	1,552,126	_			
\$	1,498,627	\$	1,498,627	\$_	1,896,710	\$_	398,083		

(Continued)

	Security Fund							
		Budgeted Original		l Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		/ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	•	05 500	Φ.	05 500	Φ.	10.700	•	(0.774)
Charges for services Investment income	\$	25,500 1,000	\$	25,500 1,000	\$	18,726 1,536	\$	(6,774) 536
investment income		1,000	_	1,000	_	1,550	_	550
Total revenues		26,500	_	26,500	_	20,262	_	(6,238)
Expenditures: Judicial:								
Operating expenditures		-		-		-		-
Public Safety: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		107,400		107,400		64,278		43,122
Operating expenditures		15,900		15,900		300		15,600
2 · L · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				<u> </u>	_		_	-,
Total expenditures		123,300		123,300	_	64,578	_	58,722
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(96,800)	_	(96,800)	_	(44,316)	_	<u>52,484</u>
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in		70,000		70,000	_	70,000	_	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources		70,000		70,000	_	70,000	_	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balance		(26,800)		(26,800))	25,684		52,484
Fund balance - beginning		12,237	_	12,237	_	12,237	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance - ending	\$	(14,563)	\$	(14,563)	\$_	37,921	\$_	52,484

		Law Libi	ary	/ Fund				
_	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	_	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$	12,500	\$ 12,500	\$	13,043	\$	543 -		
	12,500	12,500		13,043		543		
	10,000	10,000		1,996		8,004		
	- -			- -		<u>-</u>		
_	10,000	10,000		1,996		8,004		
_	2,500	2,500		11,047		8,547		
_	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _		
	2,500	2,500		11,047		8,547		
_	152,398	152,398		152,398		<u>-</u>		
\$	154,898	\$154,898	\$	163,445	\$	8,547		

. . .

(Continued)

		Justice Court Technology Fund						
	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 9,500 500	\$ 9,500 500	\$ 7,695 954	\$ (1,805) 454				
Total revenues	10,000	10,000	8,649	(1,351)				
Expenditures: Judicial: Operating expenditures	11,500	11,500	3,385	<u>8,115</u>				
Total expenditures	11,500	11,500	3,385	<u>8,115</u>				
Change in fund balance	(1,500) (1,500)	5,264	6,764				
Fund balance - beginning	16,002	16,002	16,002					
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>14,502</u>	\$ 14,502	\$	\$6,764				

	County and District Court Technology Fund											
	Budgeted Original	Amounts			Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$_	4,000 1,000	\$	4,000 1,000	\$_	2,294 2,318	\$	(1,706) 1,318					
_	5,000		5,000	_	4,612		(388)					
_	5,600		5,600	_	-		5,600					
_	5,600		5,600	_			5,600					
	(600)		(600)		4,612		5,212					
_	36,427		36,427	_	36,427							
\$_	35,827	\$	35,827	\$_	41,039	\$	5,212					

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
December 31, 2024

			Custoo	<u>lial Funds</u>		
	County Attorney Seizure Fund	County Clerk Fund	District Clerk Fund	Justice of the Peace #2 Fund	Justice of the Peace #4 Fund	Sheriff Fund
Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$ 99,442	\$224,740	\$ 3,889,638	\$976	\$15,278	\$ <u>15,720</u>
Total assets	99,442	224,740	3,889,638	976	15,278	15,720
Liabilities: Accounts payable Held for others Due to other governments	99,442 - 	103,692 	3,757,940 	- - -	- - -	- - -
Total liabilities	99,442	103,692	3,757,940			
Net Position: Individual, organizations and other governments		121,048	131,698	976	15,278	15,720
Total net position	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>121,048</u>	\$ <u>131,698</u>	\$ <u>976</u>	\$ <u>15,278</u>	\$ <u>15,720</u>

_	County Attorney Fund	_		Tax Collector Fund	_	Total Custodial Funds
\$		4	\$_	202,430	\$_	4,448,228
-		4	_	202,430	_	4,448,228
-		- - <u>-</u>	_	- - 202,430	_	99,442 3,861,632 202,430
-		<u>-</u>	_	202,430	_	4,163,504
-		4	_	<u>-</u>	_	284,724
\$		4	\$	_	\$	284 724

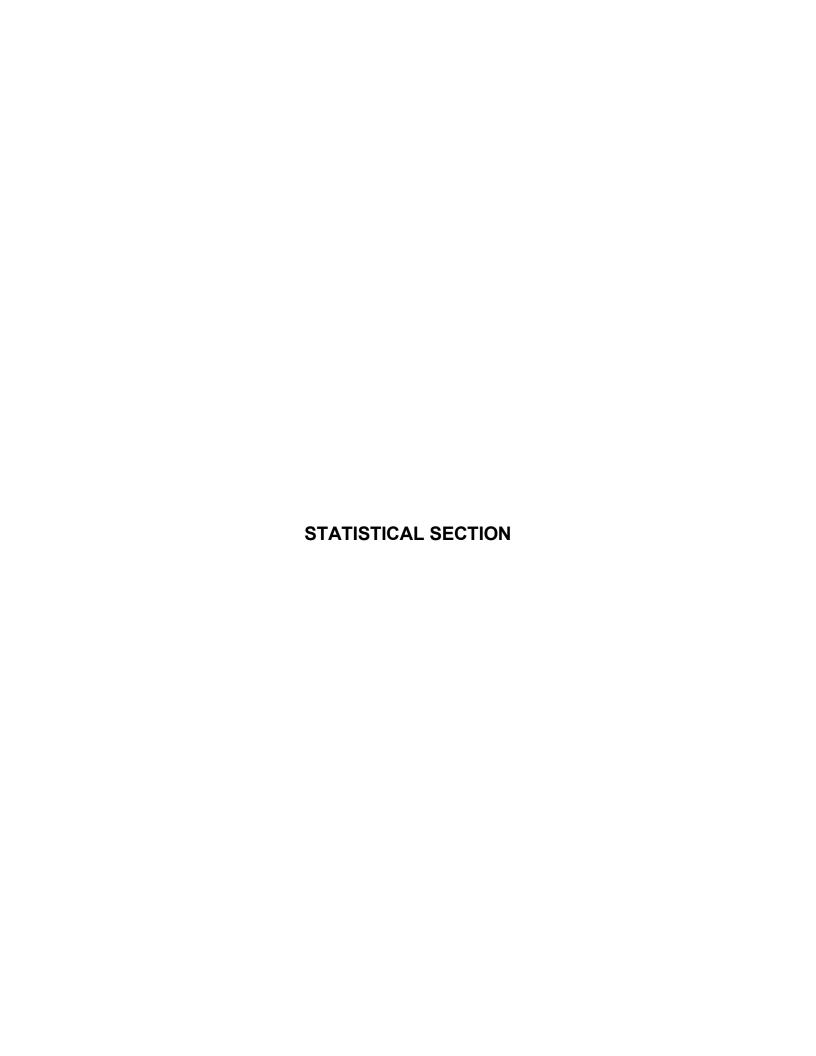
COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Changes In Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Custodial Funds										
	County Attorney Seizure Fund		County Clerk Fund		District Clerk Fund		Justice of the Peace #2 Fund	F	Justice of the Peace #4 Fund		Sheriff Fund
Additions:											
Tax collections for other governments Held for others Investment income	\$ - - 4,225	Ψ	439,045 1,326	\$	335,600 4,837	\$	- 121,865 21	\$	- 185,181 -	\$	- 161,386 403
investment moone	<u> </u>	_	1,020	-	1,001	-		_		-	+00
Total additions	4,225	_	440,371	_	340,437	_	121,886	_	185,181	_	161,789
Deductions:											
Payments to individuals	5,194		472,783		591,297		130,080		178,269		163,163
Payments to other governments	<u>184,733</u>	_		_		-		_		_	
Total deductions	189,927	_	472,783	_	591,297	_	130,080	_	178,269	_	163,163
Net change in net position	(185,702)	(32,412)		(250,860)		(8,194)		6,912		(1,374)
Net position - beginning	185,702	_	153,460		382,558	_	9,170	_	8,366	_	17,094
Net position - ending	\$ <u> </u>	\$	121,048	\$_	131,698	\$_	976	\$	15,278	\$_	15,720

	County Attorney Fund	Tax Collector Fund	Total Custodial Funds
\$	3,551 40	\$ 13,445,818 - 16,904	\$ 13,445,818 1,246,628 27,756
_	3,591	13,462,722	14,720,202
_	4,137 <u>-</u>		1,544,923 13,647,455
_	4,137	13,462,722	15,192,378
	(546)	-	(472,176)
_	550		756,900
\$	4	\$ -	\$ 284 724







Statistical Section (unaudited)

This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and additional supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

<u>Content</u> <u>Page</u>

Financial Trends 112-119

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity 120-125

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity 126-129

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Indicators

130-131

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

132-137

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Net Position by Components
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 17 696 723	\$ 17 961 710	\$ 17 766 705	\$ 17,766,783	\$ 17 942 387
Restricted	436,660	501,883	234,767	288,311	309,155
Unrestricted	<u>8,291,146</u>	8,820,141	8,942,769	10,097,505	10,695,119
Total governmental activities net position	\$ <u>26,424,529</u>	\$ <u>27,283,734</u>	\$ <u>26,944,241</u>	\$ <u>28,152,599</u>	\$ <u>28,946,661</u>

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Statement of Net Position)

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 18,465,751	\$ 17,884,781	\$ 18,504,879	\$ 21,866,721	\$ 24,648,091
468,245	390,559	8,012,257	8,950,556	10,625,845
12,690,366	14,778,949	8,930,074	10,338,973	10,823,172
			•	
\$ <u>31,624,362</u>	\$ <u>33,054,289</u>	\$ <u>35,447,210</u>	\$ <u>41,156,250</u>	\$ <u>46,097,108</u>

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses: Governmental Activities: General administration Financial administration Judicial Public safety Public facilities Public transportation Conservation Health and welfare Interest and fiscal charges	\$ 2,556,203 496,903 1,462,381 5,860,304 500,725 3,437,890 147,903 384,969 269,343	489,706 1,495,389 6,574,194 503,157 4,001,005 147,488 677,278	\$ 2,519,517 521,050 1,592,174 6,849,340 573,028 4,424,685 168,526 442,271 225,342	\$ 3,208,021 520,734 1,542,689 7,270,095 496,434 4,292,146 133,475 468,919 212,947	\$ 2,876,697 556,050 1,691,833 7,895,915 598,378 4,385,782 162,403 332,043 265,568
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ <u>15,116,621</u>	\$ <u>16,788,091</u>	\$ <u>17,315,933</u>	\$ <u>18,145,460</u>	\$ <u>18,764,669</u>
Program Revenues: Governmental Activities: Charges for Services: General administration Financial administration Judicial Public safety Public facilities Public transportation Conservation Health and welfare Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 36,106 112,138 1,115,887 1,326,355 26,100 811,047 1,898 53,283 322,014 113,798	114,636 1,226,657 1,258,792 60,765 763,911 1,615 54,325 555,741 1,116,966	\$ 153,613 128,200 1,381,007 1,323,267 52,097 791,585 2,280 39,130 440,769 119,618	\$ 351,557 116,060 791,399 1,819,034 - 881,732 1,960 37,605 1,406,392 136,726 5,542,465	\$ 179,331 130,054 975,369 1,875,788 - 938,398 2,240 60,911 1,052,443 31,461 - 5,245,995
Net (expense) revenue	\$(11.197.995) \$(11.451.718) \$(12.884.367)	\$(12.602.995)	\$(13,518,674)
General Revenues: Governmental Activities: Property Taxes Other taxes Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 9,186,462 1,458,846 152,314 197,937	\$ 10,337,097 1,584,961 149,166	\$ 10,921,368 1,409,995 169,920 187,301	\$ 11,590,137 1,496,060 325,703 158,833	\$ 11,889,285 1,865,186 390,120 158,146
Total general revenues	\$ <u>10,995,559</u>	\$ <u>12,310,922</u>	\$ <u>12,688,584</u>	\$ <u>13,570,733</u>	\$ <u>14,302,737</u>
Change in net position	\$ <u>(202,436</u>) \$ <u>859,204</u>	\$ <u>(195,783</u>)	\$ 967,738	\$ 784,063

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Statement of Activities)

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 3,099,64 549,50 1,640,85 8,035,74 562,22 4,188,36 117,19 890,91 108,47	1 543,169 7 1,637,670 0 7,932,546 1 569,348 4 5,467,749 5 105,428 6 371,724	\$ 3,056,478 688,116 1,801,007 9,047,632 862,220 4,916,894 119,787 381,952 105,872	\$ 3,361,644 608,934 1,935,311 9,840,915 1,173,158 4,334,639 121,974 379,443 89,036	\$ 3,316,161 700,307 2,243,460 11,575,683 1,150,183 5,256,584 116,688 460,396 79,268
\$ <u>19,192,91</u>	<u>8</u> \$ <u>19,598,103</u>	\$ <u>20,979,958</u>	\$ <u>21,845,054</u>	\$ <u>24,898,730</u>
\$ 232,31		\$ 520,616	\$ 462,181	\$ 423,672
270,35 785,61		484,731 1,270,931	508,448 596,732	486,825 694,393
1,662,07	0 1,469,761	1,778,166	1,934,291	2,502,023
2,22 913,26		934,415	938,433	964,500
55,51	- 0 48,685	- 57,750	- 82,395	81,300
1,688,91		827,830	456,114	1,380,721
490,60	0 107,308	<u>748,010</u>	3,105,928	3,224,275
6,100,86	<u>5,714,120</u>	6,622,449	8,084,522	9,757,709
\$ <u>(13,092,05</u>	<u>1</u>) \$ <u>(13,883,983</u>)	\$ <u>(14,357,509</u>)	\$ <u>(13,760,532</u>)	\$ <u>(15,141,021</u>)
\$ 12,887,02		\$ 13,929,498	\$ 15,009,437	\$ 15,625,232
2,163,19		2,054,911	2,715,760 1,482,939	2,737,774 1,603,437
244,02 475,50	·	562,171 203,850	261,436	1,603,437
\$ <u>15,769,75</u>	<u>1</u> \$ <u>15,757,356</u>	\$ <u>16,750,430</u>	\$ <u>19,469,572</u>	\$ <u>20,081,879</u>
\$ <u>2,677,70</u>	<u>0</u> \$ <u>1,873,373</u>	\$ <u>2,392,921</u>	\$ <u>5,709,040</u>	\$ <u>4,940,858</u>

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Canada Fundi	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund: Nonspendable Unassigned	\$ - 2,953,235	\$ - 3,145,830	\$ - 2,946,851	\$ - <u>2,674,380</u>	\$ - 3.442.134
Total general fund	\$ <u>2,953,235</u>	\$ <u>3,145,830</u>	\$ <u>2,946,851</u>	\$ <u>2,674,380</u>	\$ <u>3,442,134</u>
All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable Restricted Committed	\$ - 960,496 <u>4,353,829</u>	\$ - 1,001,236 4,550,566	\$ - 1,105,146 4,435,662	\$ - 1,333,317 <u>5,363,228</u>	\$ - 1,492,463 5,132,094
Total all other governmental funds	\$ <u>5,314,325</u>	\$ <u>5,551,802</u>	\$ <u>5,540,808</u>	\$ <u>6,696,545</u>	\$ <u>6,624,557</u>
Total all governmental funds	\$ <u>8,267,560</u>	\$ <u>8,697,632</u>	\$ <u>8,487,659</u>	\$ <u>9,370,925</u>	\$ <u>10,066,691</u>

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$_	4,889,67 <u>0</u>	\$ - 6,707,413	\$ 179,682 	\$ 242,168 8,126,306	\$ 248,310 8,258,256
\$_	4,889,670	\$ <u>6,707,413</u>	\$ <u>7,480,316</u>	\$ <u>8,368,474</u>	\$ <u>8,506,566</u>
\$	1,806,515 5,481,015	\$ - 1,657,522 5,621,034	\$ 351,644 1,675,913 6,135,305	\$ 206,483 2,050,691 6,675,300	\$ 174,719 2,483,699 7,980,890
\$_	7,287,530	\$ <u>7,278,556</u>	\$ <u>8,162,862</u>	\$ <u>8,932,474</u>	\$ <u>10,639,308</u>
\$	12,177,200	\$ 13,985,969	\$ 15,643,178	\$ 17,300,948	\$ 19,145,874

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASChange In Fund Balance, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

D.	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues:	¢ 10 640 047	¢ 11 000 605	Ф 10 220 E1E	¢ 12.006.700	¢ 12 604 476
Taxes	\$ 10,640,947 798,764	\$ 11,829,605 776,322	\$ 12,339,515	\$ 13,086,700	\$ 13,694,476
Licenses and permits	•	•	779,022	796,996	819,765
Fines and forfeitures	848,727	860,491	884,270	734,974	716,992
Charges for services	1,969,121	1,864,328	2,114,052	2,156,444	2,572,332
Intergovernmental	426,121	1,655,649	545,713	1,548,383	1,126,799
Investment income	152,314	149,166	169,920	325,703	390,120
Miscellaneous	218,342	<u>265,450</u>	234,039	448,559	<u>192,985</u>
Total revenues	15,054,336	17,401,011	17,066,531	19,097,759	19,513,469
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General administration	2,089,649	2,158,526	1,979,267	2,702,351	2,355,767
Financial administration	504,408	476,793	505,090	531,261	544,800
Judicial	1,471,363	1,523,571	1,564,824	1,552,976	1,651,630
Public safety	5,829,088	6,183,437	6,895,670	7,305,605	7,678,837
Public facilities	490,261	501,833	548,013	502,101	610,528
Public transportation	3,316,986	4,635,513	4,386,300	4,363,972	4,841,730
Conservation	149,665	146,393	158,093	135,832	162,302
Health and welfare	377,386	674,149	441,075	458,339	322,118
Capital outlay	12,837	-	, -	· -	, -
Debt Service:	,				
Principal	393,064	429,309	435,000	445,000	455,000
Interest and fiscal charges	254,110	241,418	229,463	217,216	269,042
Total expenditures	14,888,817	16,970,942	<u>17,142,795</u>	18,214,653	18,891,754
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	165,519	430,069	(76,264)	883,106	621,715
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	55,757	28,473	181,587	80,000	388,000
Issuance of bonds	-	-	-	-	4,640,000
Issuance of notes payable	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(55,757)	(28,473)	(181,587)	(80,000)	(388,000)
Payment to escrow agent	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(4,566,049)
Total other financing sources (uses)					73,951
Net change in fund balances	\$ <u>165,519</u>	\$430,069	\$ <u>(76,264</u>)	\$ <u>883,106</u>	\$ <u>695,666</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.4%	4.0%	3.9%	3.6%	3.8%

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance).

_	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$	15,013,243 801,241	\$ 15,001,604 802,717	\$ 16,401,569 812,315	\$ 17,720,421 817,422	\$ 18,484,525 3,512,102
	552,806	664,072	677,428	528,581	849,979
	2,443,655	2,577,603	2,619,683	2,790,177	3,634,704
	2,084,330	1,786,017	799,366	774,075	605,772
	244,028	260,833	562,171	1,482,939	1,603,437
-	735,077	484,628	<u>304,401</u>	<u>264,685</u>	<u>358,121</u>
-	21,874,380	21,577,474	22,176,933	24,378,300	29,048,640
	2,672,161	2,403,537	2,520,271	2,980,688	3,307,635
	547,252	559,705	674,522	628,167	752,534
	1,633,758	1,662,834	1,770,043	1,946,132	2,251,079
	8,185,624	7,711,854	8,262,954	9,429,163	10,819,125
	571,305	575,628	855,575	869,806	613,996
	4,519,627	5,257,062	3,733,315	3,105,820	3,733,195
	118,999	106,975	118,292	122,074	117,630
	889,904	372,848	379,682	363,524	462,113
	-	-	1,578,172	3,157,726	4,468,582
	539,664	525,000	525,000	535,000	597,196
-	85,582	103,167	101,898	90,229	80,629
-	19,763,876	19,278,610	20,519,724	23,228,329	27,203,714
_	2,110,504	2,298,864	1,657,209	1,149,971	1,844,926
				E4 020	
	- 50,000	200.654	- 221 525	51,838 14,775	- 00 000
	59,000	200,654	221,535	14,775	88,990
	_	_	_	455,961	_
	(59,000)	(200,654)	(221,535)		(88,990)
-	<u> </u>				
-				507,799	
\$_	2,110,504	\$ <u>2,298,864</u>	\$ <u>1,657,209</u>	\$ <u>1,657,770</u>	\$ <u>1,844,926</u>
	3.2%	3.3%	3.3%	3.1%	3.0%

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASAssessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Real Property	Personal Property	Less Homestead, Other Exemptions	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2015	\$ 4,067,529,999 \$	562,004,867	\$(2,573,642,444) \$	2,055,892,422	\$ 2,055,892,422	\$ 0.482100	100.00%
2016	4,242,923,782	533,002,569	(2,682,166,570)	2,093,759,781	2,093,759,781	0.482100	100.00%
2017	4,541,376,249	578,715,164	(2,865,862,789)	2,254,228,624	2,254,228,624	0.510000	100.00%
2018	4,858,556,768	560,252,076	(3,099,201,093)	2,319,607,751	2,319,607,751	0.510000	100.00%
2019	5,056,234,489	599,411,200	(3,217,008,284)	2,438,637,405	2,438,637,405	0.520000	100.00%
2020	5,304,688,632	606,300,186	(3,389,672,016)	2,521,316,802	2,521,316,802	0.520000	100.00%
2021	5,837,402,269	827,388,942	(3,801,069,395)	2,863,721,816	2,863,721,816	0.499600	100.00%
2022	6,064,474,373	877,820,574	(3,932,279,557)	3,010,015,390	3,010,015,390	0.496951	100.00%
2023	6,450,549,349	888,857,712	(4,123,863,876)	3,215,543,185	3,215,543,185	0.482130	100.00%
2024	10,775,088,742	834,932,069	(8,062,687,485)	3,547,333,326	3,547,333,326	0.464913	100.00%



COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015 Tax Rate	2016 Tax Rate	2017 Tax Rate	2018 Tax Rate	2019 Tax Rate
Colorado County:					
Maintenance & operations Interest & sinking	0.4571 0.0250	0.4783 0.0317	0.4808 0.0292	0.4818 <u>0.0282</u>	0.4935 0.0265
Total direct rate	0.4821	0.5100	0.5100	0.5100	0.5200
Cities:					
Columbus	0.2731	0.2800	0.2800	0.2850	0.2850
Eagle Lake	0.7790	0.7601	0.7366	0.6849	0.7262
Weimer	0.2905	0.2905	0.2905	0.2905	0.2905
School Districts:					
Columbus ISD	1.1700	1.1600	1.1600	1.1500	1.0800
Rice ISD	1.2125	1.2300	1.2200	1.2900	1.2050
Weimer ISD	1.2600	1.2600	1.2600	1.2600	1.1900
Special Districts:					
Colorado County Groundwater District	0.0145	0.0115	0.0100	0.0100	0.0095
Garwood Water District	0.2696	0.2785	0.2731	0.2292	0.0979
Glidden Fresh Water Supply District #1	0.1473	0.1585	0.1434	0.1238	0.1280
Rice Hospital District	0.1530	0.1750	0.1750	0.1850	0.1850
The Falls MUD	0.3781	0.4178	0.4228	0.4541	0.4842

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Tax Rate		<u>Tax Rate</u>	<u>Tax Rate</u>	<u>Tax Rate</u>
0.4953	0.4779	0.4763	0.4629	0.4477
0.0247	0.0217	0.0207	0.0192	0.0172
0.5200	0.4996	0.4970	0.4821	0.4649
0.2839	0.2900	0.2923	0.2950	0.2950
0.6979	0.6970	0.6632	0.6220	0.6051
0.2896	0.2867	0.2820	0.2654	0.2546
1.0703	1.0375	1.0307	0.8836	0.7742
1.1914	1.0699	1.0593	0.9079	0.8702
1.1736	1.1636	1.1308	0.8792	0.8769
0.0093 0.0965 0.1140 0.2200 0.5000	0.0088 0.0926 0.0985 0.2590 0.5000	0.0083 0.0926 0.0872 0.2690 0.5000	0.0075 0.0778 0.0847 0.2690 0.5000	0.0073 0.0617 0.0750 0.2690

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2024				2015	
		Taxable		% of Total	Taxable			% of Total
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	_	Value	Rank_	Value		Value	Rank_	Value
Cpano Field Services (Copano								
Processing)	\$	221,531,630	1	6.25%	\$	252,313,600	1	12.27%
Wink to Webster LLC		88,998,630	2	2.51%		-	-	-
Union Pacific Railroad		66,064,804	3	1.86%		37,922,510	2	1.84%
SKY Global Power One LLC		38,881,440	4	1.10%		-	-	-
Alleyton Resource Company		36,156,360	5	1.02%		-	-	-
LCRA Transmission Svcs Corp		34,024,224	6	0.96%		29,650,800	3	1.44%
Utex Industries Inc.		28,028,550	7	0.79%		24,515,360	5	1.19%
Texas Gulf Southern Wood LLC		27,722,230	8	0.78%		-	-	-
AEP Texas, Inc.		23,001,230	9	0.65%		-	-	-
Heidleberg Materials Southwest								
Agg LLC		22,504,540	10	0.63%		-	-	-
Exterran Energy Solutions LP		-	-	-		29,567,230	4	1.44%
Square Mile Energy Solutions LP)	-	-	-		17,300,416	6	0.84%
XTO Energy Inc.		-	-	-		16,566,339	7	0.81%
Enterprise Crude Pipeline LLC		-	-	-		16,030,270	8	0.78%
Inland Environmental & Remedia	tion	-	-	-		14,498,990	9	0.71%
AEP Central Power & Light	_		-			12,731,640	10	0.62%
Total	\$_	586,913,638		16.55%	\$	451,097,155		21.94%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$_	3,547,333,326			\$	2,055,892,422		

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASProperty Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Tax Levy	Collected Fiscal Year	of the Levy	<u>.</u>	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	as of Fiscal Year End	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Collections	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
				- <u> </u>				
2015	\$ 9,915,531	\$ 3,540,217	35.70%	\$ 6,354,504	\$ 9,894,721	99.79%		
2016	10,679,842	3,579,851	33.52%	7,032,430	10,612,281	99.37%		
2017	11,500,145	3,943,592	34.29%	7,528,578	11,472,170	99.76%		
2018	11,823,056	4,231,669	35.79%	7,556,804	11,788,473	99.71%		
2019	12,827,301	4,478,928	34.92%	8,306,083	12,785,011	99.67%		
2020	13,112,364	4,004,976	30.54%	9,054,311	13,059,287	99.60%		
2021	14,308,805	3,813,300	26.65%	10,412,633	14,225,933	99.42%		
2022	14,946,394	3,678,935	24.61%	11,130,410	14,809,345	99.08%		
2023	15,708,823	3,852,932	24.53%	11,635,751	15,488,683	98.60%		
2024	16,553,233	5,230,344	31.60%	-	5,230,344	31.60%		

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾	Capital Leases	Notes Payable	 Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Population ⁽³⁾	Per Capita
2015	\$ 7,145,907	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,145,907	0.77%	20,946	\$ 341.16
2016	6,722,101	39,284	-	6,761,385	0.75%	21,091	320.58
2017	6,299,488	30,015	-	6,329,503	0.65%	21,301	297.15
2018	5,844,488	20,747	-	5,865,235	0.59%	21,317	275.14
2019	5,525,681	10,747	-	5,536,428	0.53%	21,467	257.90
2020	4,981,874	-	-	4,981,874	0.45%	21,610	230.54
2021	4,468,067	-	-	4,468,067	0.40%	21,610	206.76
2022	3,946,359	-	-	3,946,359	0.32%	20,754	190.15
2023	3,414,651	-	455,961	3,870,612	0.30%	21,117	183.29
2024	2,872,943	-	403,765	3,276,708	0.24%	21,687	151.09

Source: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ Presented net of original issuance premiums and/or discounts.

² Personal income is disclosed on page 130.

³ Population can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 130.

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Obligation Bonds(1)	Available in	Debt		Net Debt	Actual Taxab Value of	le Per
\$ 7,145,907	\$ 188	3,564	\$	6,957,343	0.34%	332.16
6,722,101	58	3,850		6,663,251	0.32%	315.93
6,298,295	77	7,139		6,221,156	0.28%	292.06
5,844,488	93	3,776		5,750,712	0.25%	269.77
5,525,681	108	3,603		5,417,078	0.22%	252.34
4,981,874	146	6,565		4,835,309	0.19%	223.75
4,468,067	15′	1,628		4,316,439	0.15%	199.74
3,946,359	136	5,036		3,810,323	0.13%	183.59
3,414,651	150),829		3,263,822	0.10%	154.56
2,872,943	186	5,392		2,686,551	0.08%	123.88
\$	Obligation Bonds(1) \$ 7,145,907 6,722,101 6,298,295 5,844,488 5,525,681 4,981,874 4,468,067 3,946,359 3,414,651	Obligation Bonds(1) Available in Service Fur \$ 7,145,907 \$ 188 6,722,101 58 6,298,295 77 5,844,488 93 5,525,681 108 4,981,874 146 4,468,067 157 3,946,359 136 3,414,651 150	Obligation Bonds(1) Available in Debt Service Fund(2) \$ 7,145,907 \$ 188,564 6,722,101 58,850 6,298,295 77,139 5,844,488 93,776 5,525,681 108,603 4,981,874 146,565 4,468,067 151,628 3,946,359 136,036 3,414,651 150,829	Obligation Bonds(1) Available in Debt Service Fund(2) \$ 7,145,907 \$ 188,564 \$ 6,722,101 58,850 6,298,295 77,139 5,844,488 93,776 5,525,681 108,603 146,565 4,468,067 151,628 3,946,359 136,036 3,414,651 150,829	Obligation Bonds(1) Available in Debt Service Fund(2) Net Debt \$ 7,145,907 \$ 188,564 \$ 6,957,343 6,722,101 58,850 6,663,251 6,298,295 77,139 6,221,156 5,844,488 93,776 5,750,712 5,525,681 108,603 5,417,078 4,981,874 146,565 4,835,309 4,468,067 151,628 4,316,439 3,946,359 136,036 3,810,323 3,414,651 150,829 3,263,822	Obligation Bonds(1) Available in Debt Service Fund(2) Net Debt Value of Property(3) \$ 7,145,907 \$ 188,564 \$ 6,957,343 0.34% 6,722,101 58,850 6,663,251 0.32% 6,298,295 77,139 6,221,156 0.28% 5,844,488 93,776 5,750,712 0.25% 5,525,681 108,603 5,417,078 0.22% 4,981,874 146,565 4,835,309 0.19% 4,468,067 151,628 4,316,439 0.15% 3,946,359 136,036 3,810,323 0.13% 3,414,651 150,829 3,263,822 0.10%

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- 1) This is the general bonded debt of both governmental activities, net of original issue premiums and/or discounts.
- 2) This is the amount restricted for debt service.
- 3) See the of Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 120 for property value data.
- 4) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 130.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt As of December 31, 2024

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Amount Applicable to Colorado County
City of Columbus City of Eagle Lake City of Weimar Columbus ISD Rice Consolidated ISD Weimar ISD	\$ 3,161,10 2,825,00 1,150,00 16,135,94 24,365,00 13,717,03	0 100,00% 0 100.00% 8 96.46% 7 100.00%	\$ 3,161,103 2,825,000 1,150,000 15,564,735 24,365,007 12,847,372
Sub-total, Overlapping Debt Colorado County, Texas direct debt			59,913,217 2,872,943
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ <u>62,786,160</u>

Source: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the County. This process recognizes that, when considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Assessed value of real property ⁽¹⁾	\$ 2,055,892,422	\$ 2,093,759,781	\$ 2,254,228,624	\$ 2,319,607,751	\$ 2,438,637,405
Debt limit	205,589,242	209,375,978	225,422,862	231,960,775	243,863,741
Amount of debt applicable to limit ⁽²⁾ Total bonded debt Less: Assets in debt service fund	7,145,907 188,564	6,722,101 58,850	6,298,295 77,139	5,844,488 <u>93,776</u>	5,525,681 108,603
Total net debt applicable to limit	6,957,343	6,663,251	6,221,156	5,750,712	5,417,078
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>198,631,899</u>	\$202,712,727	\$ <u>219,201,706</u>	\$226,210,063	\$ <u>238,446,663</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	3.38%	3.18%	2.76%	2.48%	2.22%
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Assessed value of real property ⁽¹⁾	\$ 2,521,316,802	\$ 2,863,721,816	\$ 3,010,015,390	\$ 3,215,542,185	\$ 3,547,333,326
Debt limit	252,131,680	286,372,182	301,001,539	321,554,319	354,733,333
Amount of debt applicable to limit ⁽²⁾ Total bonded debt Less: Assets in debt service fund	4,981,874 144,781	4,468,067 151,628	3,946,359 136,036	3,414,651 150,829	2,872,943 186,392
Total net debt applicable to limit	4,837,093	4,316,439	3,810,323	3,263,822	2,686,551
Legal debt margin	\$247,294,587	\$282,055,743	\$ <u>297,191,216</u>	\$318,290,497	\$ 352,046,782
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a					

Colorado County Central Appraisal District.
 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Statement of Net Position

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASDemographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Population	(tl	Personal Income housands of dollars)	F	er Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2015	20,946	\$	927,261	\$	44,269	3.9%
2016	21,091		905,426		42,929	4.6%
2017	21,301		974,497		45,749	3.4%
2018	21,317		985,915		46,250	3.1%
2019	21,467		1,038,856		48,393	3.0%
2020	21,610		1,117,922		51,732	6.1%
2021	21,610		1,117,922		51,732	5.0%
2022	20,754		1,221,682		58,865	3.5%
2023	21,117		1,278,312		60,535	3.5%
2024	21,687		1,353,265		62,400	4.2%

Sources: (2021 and prior) Bureau of Economic Analysis (2022 and 2023) Texas Association of Cities (2024) US Bureau of Labor Statistics

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024			2015	
	mber of		% of Total County	Number of		% of Total County
Employer Emp	loyees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	<u>Employment</u>
Columbus ISD	238	1	3.24%	230	2	2.47%
Colorado County	216	2	2.94%	145	6	1.56%
Utex Industries	213	3	2.90%	280	1	3.01%
Columbus Community Hospital	203	4	2.76%	190	5	2.04%
Rice Consolidated ISD	200	5	2.72%	200	4	2.15%
Titan (formerly Exterran)	196	6	2.67 %	200	3	2.15%
Drymalla Construction	135	7	1.84%	100	9	1.07%
Weimer ISD	128	8	1.74 %	110	8	1.18%
Great Southern Woods (formerly Diversited Columbus Oaks Health Care Community	:h) 85	9	1.16%	85	10	0.91%
(formerly River Oaks)	79	10	1.07%	<u>113</u>	7	1.21%
Total	1,693		23.04%	1,653		17.75%

Source: Individual Company Human Resources Departments

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASFull-Time Equivalent Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General administration	9	9	9	14	15	15	15	13	13	12
Financial Administration	6	6	6	7	8	8	8	9	11	11
Judicial	17	17	17	24	24	24	23	22	27	30
Public safety	66	66	68	77	77	98	95	91	86	90
Public facilities	4	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
Public transportation	30	30	30	30	30	26	29	31	28	28
Conservation	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	3
Health and welfare	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	135	<u>135</u>	137	<u>160</u>	162	<u> 177</u>	<u>176</u>	<u>172</u>	<u>173</u>	<u>179</u>

Source: Auditor's Office



COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Operating Indicators By Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Administration: Marriage license issued	131	120	140	121	120
Birth certificates	265	301	291	351	358
Death certificates	200	200	212	195	221
Judicial:					
County Court					
Probate cases filed	96	91	130	89	130
Mental health cases filed	2	3	2	6	3
Civil cases filed	55	82	156	90	58
Criminal cases filed	482	428	409	351	278
District Court:					
Civil cases filed	324	354	371	326	344
Criminal cases filed	172	296	337	192	141
Justice Court:					
Cases filed	5,845	6,475	4,662	4,291	3,834
Public Safety:					
Jail bookings	1,393	1,329	1,204	1,320	1,126
Jail average daily occupancy	57	59	67	59	48
Emergency responses	1,684	1,520	1,791	1,587	1,754
Emergency transfers	418	408	584	555	929
Health & Welfare:					
Septic permits issued	129	139	120	128	150
Building permits issued	290	138	225	255	337
Indigent health care active cases	22	16	16	11	13

Sources: County records

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
151	125	111	118	139
301	374	375	374	368
238	247	242	230	250
115	152	127	111	105
1	4	4	8	3
50	38	47	56	49
217	197	230	218	168
265	251	274	291	329
169	171	227	199	217
2,821	2,868	3,790	2.204	2.526
780	903	1,010	915	795
37	43	84	69	70
2,455	2,424	2,494	3.611	4.033
448	300	349	677	861
193	183	199	193	195
437	392	433	414	416
9	10	13	6	8

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXASCapital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public Safety:					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Jails	3	3	3	3	3
Patrol units	26	26	27	27	27
EMS stations	3	3	3	3	3
Ambulance units	8	8	8	8	10
Probations department	1	1	1	1	1
Public Facilities:					
Courthouse	1	1	1	1	1
Annex	1	1	1	1	1
Maintenance	1	1	1	1	1
Judicial:					
JP offices	4	4	4	4	4
Conservation:					
Agrilife	1	1	1	1	1
Public Transportation:					
Asphalt roads (miles)	446	449	449	452	457
Gravel roads (miles)	294	291	291	289	285
Bridges	88	88	89	92	93

Sources: County records

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1	1	1	1	1
3	1	1	1	1
27	29	32	32	45
3	3	3	3	3
10	11	11	10	8
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1
458	458	461	443	448
284	284	284	294	292
93	94	95	95	95









Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners' Court Colorado County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colorado County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners' Court Colorado County, Texas

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas June 25, 2025



Independent Auditor's Report

On Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners' Court Colorado County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Colorado County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners' Court Colorado County, Texas

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and
 to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners' Court Colorado County, Texas

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas June 25, 2025



COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. No internal control findings, required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None.
 - 4. No internal control findings, that are required to be reported in this schedule, was disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a): No
 - 7. Major Programs Include:
 - 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Act
 - 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000
 - 9. Low Risk Auditee: No
- II. Findings related to the financial statements

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the federal and state awards.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.



THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY AUDITOR

Colorado County Courthouse Annex 318 Spring Street, Room 104 Columbus, Texas 78934

Phone (979) 732-2791 Fax: (979) 732-2924

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings. This summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs.
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The schedule of status of prior audit findings is as follows:

None.



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In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan must be presented to address each finding included in the current year auditor's reports. The corrective action plan is as follows:

None.

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Contract/ Program Number	Expenditures or Award Amount
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed Through the Texas General Land Office:	44,000	00 400 044 D704	ф 20.40C
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program Community Development Block Grant/State's Program	14.228 14.228	22-130-014-D794 24-065-079-E734	\$ 29,406 358,814
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELO	PMENT		\$388,220
U.S. Department of Interior: Direct:			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		\$3,377
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			\$3,377
U.S. Department of Treasury: Direct:			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		\$2,435,296
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			\$ 2,435,296
U.S. Department of Homeland Security: Passed Through the Texas Office of the Governor:			
Homeland Security Grant Program Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067	2960208 4977601	\$ 7,330 20,094
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			\$ 27,424
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ <u>2,854,317</u>
TOTAL MAJOR PROGRAMS			\$ <u>2,435,296</u>
TYPE A PROGRAM			\$ <u>750,000</u>

COLORADO COUNTY, TEXAS

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards (the "Schedules") includes the federal and state grant activity of Colorado County, Texas (the "County") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2024. The information in these Schedules are presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance (federal awards). Because the Schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County accounts for all federal awards under programs of the federal and state government in the General and Special Revenue Funds. These programs are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for these funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal and state grant funds for governmental funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. When such funds are advanced to the County, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. Otherwise, federal grant funds are received on a reimbursement basis from the respective federal program agencies. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

NOTE 3 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The County has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

